The Largest Circulation of any Foreign Daily in the Far East

THE CHINA PRESS
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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CHANG HSUN ARRIVES IN CAPITAL TO ACT AS MEDIATOR IN PEACE CONFERENCE!

Rebel Troops at Techow Arsenal, Changtehfu and Shanhaikwan; Tsao Kun Neutral!

WORLD SOCIALISTS WILL BE CONVENED BY RUSSIAN GROUP

To Meet at Stockholm; Roberts and Macdonald Are British Nominees

FINLAND'S CLAIM

Demands Autonomy Guaranteed by an International Treaty

ADVICE BY SMUTS

'Discipline' Must Accompany Freedom'; Germans Longing for Peace

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, May 31.—The Executive of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates has decided to convoke an international Socialist conference, at Stockholm.

The Government is discussing the demands made by the Finns, which include autonomy for Finland guaranteed, by by an international treaty.

Deserters have been rounded up at Kieff.

The congress of delegates of officers serving at the front has resolved that, while hailing the aspirations of the Provisional Government towards a stable peace, it declares that the only means to arrive at that end is the immediate re-establishment of the military offensive.

Vodka Gets New Hold

The Executive of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates draws attention to the deplorable events arising from the increase of drunkenness, lays stress on the grave dangers which may be expected to arise from this course, declares that no-one has a right to buy or drink vodka and appeals to the people to abolish it for ever more.

The Government has decreed that public drunkenness shall be punishable with eighteen months imprisonment and violence or robbery by a drunkard with from six to eight years penal servitude.

The Government has unanimously approved the proposals of M. Terestchenko, who is temporarily in charge of the Ministry of Finance, to raise a loan of two thousand million Roubles by the issue of paper money.

British Socialist Delegates

Stockholm, May 30.—The Dutch-Scandinavian Socialist Committee is informed that the British Socialists have nominated Mr. G. H. Roberts, Labor Member for Norwich and Mr. James Ramsay Macdonald, Socialist Member for Leicester, to represent the majority and the minority of the Socialist Party respectively at the International Socialist Conference.

Thomas Tours Russian Front

Paris, May 30.—The French Socialist Minister, M. Thomas, is accompanying M. Kerensky, the Russian Minister of War, in his tour of the Russian armies. The former has delivered numerous speeches concerning the need of discipline to defeat militarism, as otherwise they would again be slaves.

He has also replied to numerous questions and refuted the sophistic arguments of the pacifists. His speeches have made a deep impression.

Smuts Gives Advice

London, May 30.—General Smuts, speaking at the Russian Exhibition which has been opened at the Grafton Galleries, said that if nothing further happened as the result of the war but the Russian revolution, posterity would say that the war had not been in vain.

The Germans always regarded the Russians as barbarians. Britain's prayer was that these "barbarians" would save the world from military

(Continued on Page 2)

Paving Way to Make China 'Protectorate Like Korea,' President Says To Tuchuns

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

PEKING, June 1.—Last night President Li Yuan-hung despatched a lengthy circular telegram to the provinces, defining his attitude. The message, in the main, is conciliatory in tone, though it concludes with a warning to the Tuchuns against going to extremes.

The President expresses surprise that the Tuchuns should have been misled into taking arbitrary steps through the baseless rumors spread by unscrupulous persons. He says that there was no reason why the Tuchuns should not plainly give their views on any question, yet they sought to stir up the already troubled waters by joining in the outcry against the Government.

Sincere Appreciation for ex-Premier

The President emphasises that he has never hesitated to take advice. He expresses sincere appreciation for Tuan Chi-jui and says that, owing to the increasing volume of the cries for the reorganisation of the Cabinet, he evidently found that, no matter in which direction he turned, he was bound to place Tuan Chi-jui in a difficult position and, therefore, he considered it preferable to remove him from office.

The President then replies to the Tuchuns' strictures concerning the mandates dismissing Tuan Chi-jui and the establishment of the Office of Precautionary Measures. He says that the latter was an emergency step, owing to the vacancy in the war portfolio and it will be abolished as soon as a Cabinet has been organised.

Replies to Protest on Constitution

With regard to the protest made by the Tuchuns against the manner in which the Constitution has been drafted and the demand for a modification of certain clauses in it, President Li Yuan-hung says:

"The far-sighted views of veteran statesmen agreed perfectly with mine. My view was that there were still a good many wise members of Parliament and, as the discussion of the Constitution was still proceeding, there was hope of attaining our object, if we endeavored to exchange views. Therefore, I shelved the petition presented by the Tuchuns, making my reason for doing so clear to Tuchun Tsao Kun and General Meng En-yuen, yet I am accused of partiality for Parliament and slighting provincial officials."

Harm Done by Mere Idle Rumors

The President then assures the Tuchuns that the reports that he intended to dismiss provincial officials wholesale were mere idle rumors. He says that, not only is he bound to the Tuchuns by his duties to the State, but also by brotherhood. What is harmful to them must be harmful to him and vice-versa.

He then says that dangers lurk in every corner, as the war question has not yet been decided, wide stretches of land lie scorched like a desert between the Hwang Ho and the Yangtsze, sufferers from famine are seen everywhere and robbers lurk here and there.

"These facts alone are sufficient to warn us of the situation. The State employs officials for the benefit of the people. It is impossible for us to do too much, even if we work to the best of our ability in perfect harmony.

Charges Defiance of Government

"How are we to explain ourselves if we indulge in selfish war against all sense of order and discipline? The members of Parliament are accused of being desirous of dividing the country into federal states. Yet you are literally occupying each province for the purpose of defying the Government.

"You accuse the Cabinet of violating the law. Yet, with military force, you endeavor to disobey the orders of the Government. The only goal such acts can lead to is the partition of the country, making it a protectorate like Korea, in which case both the restoration of the Monarchy and the establishment of the Republic will be idle dreams.

"You may not care for the black records that will be written against you in history, but you ought to realise your fate. If your declaration of independence is to uphold the Constitution, I must remind you that the said Bill is still in its second reading.

Declares Civil War is not Justified

"If it is a declaration against the President, you must confess I have committed no act of treason. If, on the other hand, your declaration is the result of the dismissal of a single person from office, civil war is not justified and the honor of the person removed from office will be blackened.

"I welcome all giving me advice, even when they admonish me. I am ready to apologise if it will benefit my country. But, if your aim is to shake the foundations of the country and provoke internal war, I declare I am ready to die for my country.

"I have passed through the fire of trial and exhausted my strength and energy from beginning to end for the Republic. I have nothing to be ashamed of and, in no circumstance, will I watch my country sink to perdition. Still less will I subject myself to become the slave of another race.

"Of such acts I wash my hands in front of all the elders of my country. These are the sincere words of my true heart and they will be carried into deeds."

Tuchun Tang Chi-yao Holds Upper Yangtsze

More Yunnanese Drafted Into Szechuen; Lawlessness Is Still Rampant

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Chengtu, May 31.—It is reported from southern Szechuen that new Yunnanese troops have arrived from Yunnan at four different centers. Lawlessness is still rampant between Suifu and Luchow.

It is surmised that Tuchun Tang Chi-yao is determined to hold the Upper Yangtsze, for obvious strategical and political reasons.

The Weather

Gloomy and damp weather. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 96.1 and the minimum 67.7, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 94.7 and 66.0.

Germans Make Prize Of Dutch Steamship

Is Captured While on Voyage Back to Home Port From Copenhagen

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, May 31.—The newspaper Maasbode states that the Dutch steamer Pomona (789 tons), when on a voyage from Copenhagen to Amsterdam, was taken into Swinemunde by the Germans.

Italian Government Keeping Prices Down

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, May 31.—The Gazette announces that persons buying food stuffs at prices above those fixed by the Government are liable to six months imprisonment and heavy fines.

REVOLUTIONARY PLANS TO MAKE REICHSRATH SESSION A LIVELY ONE

Single Slav State, Peace And Independent Poland Among Issues to Be Raised

OPPOSITION IN MAJORITY

Czech Deputy Publicly States Sympathy with Russian Democratic Rising

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, May 30.—A telegram from Vienna states that the Reichsrath today opened its first sitting since the outbreak of the war. The galleries of the House were crowded with spectators. Dr. Gross, Leader of the German National League, was elected President.

There are indications that the session will be a very lively one, as the Czech parties, who are superior in numbers, have united in order to insist on the foundation of a single Slav State, while the Poles and Socialists intend demonstrations in favor of peace and, moreover, the Poles demand the union of Galicia with an independent Poland having an outlet on the sea.

A welter of racial questions was raised in the speeches made at the opening. Czech and Slav deputies expressed their desire for the union of the territories of the Monarchy inhabited by Czecho-Slavs, Slovaks and Croatians under the Hapsburg Dynasty; the Ukranians demanded the creation of a "de jure" union of Ukranians within the Monarchy; the Poles urged the uniting of all districts inhabited by Poles and the German Nationalists declared that any attempt at a revival of the independence of Bohemia would meet with determined opposition from the Austrian-Germans.

A Czech deputy expressed himself as being in sympathy with the Russian Revolution. In view of the fact that the Government does not possess a majority in the Lower House, there is much speculation concerning future developments.

London, May 31.—The meeting of the Reichsrath is the subject of great attention everywhere, owing to the possibility of big developments from it. The Czechs have already begun a policy of bitter hostility against the Government. They did not participate in the voting for the President of the Lower House, while they elected Dr. Klofatsch as their Chairman as a protest against the action of the Government in imprisoning him for three months, without trial, on a charge of high treason.

ITALY SUFFERS LITTLE BY U-BOAT CAMPAIGN

Week Passes Without Single Steamer And Only 12 Small Sailing-Ships Being Sunk

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, May 31.—The vessels arriving at Italian ports last week totalled 498, with a tonnage of 486,110 and the sailings 476, with a tonnage of 451,255, not including fishing-boats and small coasting vessels. No steamers were sunk during the period, but twelve sailing-vessels were, each of which was under fifty tons.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. June 5
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. June 7
Per R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk . . June 8
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Y'shiro M. June 9
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. K'kura M. June 13
Per T.K.K. s.s. Nippon M. June 14
Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo M. June 22
For Europe:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori M. June 2
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kamo Maru June 10

The American mail is due here today, per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo Maru.

Newest Likeness Of Defender Of Parliament And The Constitution

President Li Yuan-hung

SHANGHAI COMMISSIONER BACKING TUAN CHI-JUI

Parliament Must Dissolve Or He Will Follow Course Of Rebel Tuchuns

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Shanghai, June 1.—Official.—General Lu Yung-hsiang, Commissioner of Defence for Shanghai and Sungkiang, has sent a circular telegram to Peking and the different provinces, in which he points out the illegality of dismissing Premier Tuan Chi-jui without his counter-signing the mandate. General Lu says that the President gives ear to what the bad elements say and treats the provinces as enemies.

He continues: "I have deemed it my duty to support the Central Government and maintain peace. I am not unwilling to see an amicable settlement, but, in view of the serious situation following the declaration of the severance of relations from the Central Government made by the provinces of Fengtien, Anhui, Shantung, Honan, Chekiang, Hupeh, Fukien and Chihli, I earnestly request the President to dissolve Parliament at once for re-election. Otherwise I have no other way to maintain order but to take a similar step to that of the aforesaid provinces."

JAPAN WANTS GOLD

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 30.—The New York correspondent of The Times states that, in response to requests for information about the heavy outflow of gold to Japan, the agencies of Japanese financial institutions have informed the Treasury that they will probably require £10,000,000 in gold during the next three months, in order to pay India for cotton.

July 4th Celebration To Be Planned June 7

Mr. Thomas Sammons, American Consul-General, has called all Americans to a meeting at the American Consulate-General next Thursday afternoon at 5.15 for the purpose of arranging the program for the observance of the fourth of July.

Will Despatch Mails To East Fortnightly

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 30.—The Postmaster-General announces that, in future, mails will be despatched to India and the East every fortnight, instead of every week. The first mail under the new arrangement will be despatched next week.

4 JAPANESE REPORTED KILLED IN PUKOW ROW

Slaying Is Attributed To Group Of Gen. Chang Hsun's Soldiers

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Nanking, May 31.—Nanking was greatly agitated today. Japanese officials and civilians were much in evidence at Pukow and at Hsiakwan on the Nanking side of the river.

The story current is that four Japanese were around among the Pukow soldiers yesterday afternoon. A quarrel arose over some cigarettes. One of the Japanese, picking up a crowbar, went for the soldiers, who thereupon shot to death all four.

The killing is said to be the work of Chang Hsun's men. This is not officially confirmed as the Chinese are reticent about the matter.

GERMANS ESSAY FIERCE ATTACK IN CHAMPAGNE

Violent Bombardment with Big Poison-Shells Precedes Four Charges; All Fail

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, May 31.—The official communique issued this afternoon reported: After violent bombardments with heavy poison-shells, north-west of Auberive, on Mont Blond, the enemy, during the night, attempted violent attacks at several points of our front in the Champagne. Our fire stopped all their attempts.

The efforts of the Germans were directed particularly against Teton, Casque and Mont Haut, which they attacked very violently, four times. The struggle began at two o'clock in the morning and continued till daylight.

The enemy's waves were smashed by our fire, or beaten back with the bayonet, being compelled each time to flow back in disorder, after suffering heavy losses. Fractions of the enemy gained a footing in some of our advanced elements, north-east of Mont Haut. We took some prisoners.

London, May 31.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports: We drove off raiders southward of Armentieres, taking some prisoners. There has been considerable reciprocal artillery fighting near Bullecourt and on the right bank of the Scarpe.

An official Berlin communique reports: There have been lively artillery duels in the Ypres and Wytschaete bends and very intense artillery actions on Chemin-des-Dames and in the western Champagne.

DEVONPORT ILL

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 31.—The Food Controller, Lord Devonport, is suffering from ear disease.

PREMIER LI ASKS PRESIDENT'S VIEWS AS TO MEDIATION

Says He Will Take Office If the Parliament Is Sacrificed

PRESIDENT TO GO?

Chinese Cable Asserts Resignation Is Already Decided Upon

M.Ps. QUITTING TOO

Chinputang Seeks Solution By Voluntary Surrender Of Seats

CHINA PRESS' OWN SERVICE

Peking, June 1.—Chang Hsun arrived this evening, to act as mediator. He favors dissolving Parliament.

The combined forces of Ni Shih-chung and Chang Hua-tze are now stationed at Techow Arsenal, the Honan troops are at Changtehfu and Chang Tso-lin's troops are outside Shanhaikwan. Tsao Kun is neutral, but demands the dissolution of Parliament, or that the Tuchuns be permitted to participate in drafting the permanent constitution.

The new Premier, Li Ching-hsi, wired to the President, today, asking his opinion on the situation, for mediation purposes. Li Ching-hsi is willing to take up his post, provided the President will sacrifice Parliament.

There is no news from the south-western Provinces.

Yesterday's news of the situation in Peking was very conflicting. On the one hand, we publish below telegrams to the Chinese press which suggest that Chang Hsun has gone to Tientsin as the representative of the Tuchuns, that the President is resigning, that he is dissolving Parliament and that negotiations are being opened for a peace conference.

Against this, there is the President's mandate, brought by Reuter's, also reprinted on this page, which breathes defiance to the Tuchuns in every sentence. But this mandate was issued Thursday night. It is 24 hours behind time. The Chinese and Japanese press for some months has been beating Reuter's from 12 to 24 hours out of Peking. Our own despatch which heads this column is the latest to reach us.

President Li Has Decided To Resign, Chinese Cable

Vice-President Feng Kuo-chang asked the dissolution of Parliament in a telegram to the President yesterday, according to a telegram last night to the Hsin Shun Pao. Mr. Feng is non-committal as to the other proposals made by the Tuchuns.

It is reported that General Chang Hsun has arrived at Tientsin and, in all communications, assumes the title of the chief representative of seventeen provinces.

President Li Yuan-hung yesterday decided to resign and is now drafting a mandate, blaming himself for misguiding the Republic. He has also decided to send personal friends as representatives to welcome the delegates of the Military Governors to attend a peace conference, the meeting place of which will be left to the Tuchuns to decide.

Call for Mediation

A joint conference of the military and police authorities of the Capital decided to have mediation with the Tuchuns.

The Central Government is resolved to dissolve Parliament, appoint General Wang Shih-chen as delegate to the peace conference and to publicly declare the innocence of the eight leaders of the monarchical movement.

The monarchical movement refers to the activity of the so-called Chu An Hui in attempting to make Yuan Shih-k'ai emperor a few months before his death, which took place on June

6, 1916. The eight leaders of the movement were Yang Tu, Sung Yoh-chun, Ku Ao, Liang Shih-yi, Hsia Shou-tien, Chu Chi-chien, Chow Shih-chi and Haueh Ta-ko, who were ordered to be placed under arrest and handed to the judiciary for trial, charged with treachery.

None of the accused were ever apprehended. Some of them have been residing outside the jurisdiction of the nation, while others are taking refuge under General Chang Hsun, in Hsuchow.

T.-P. Line is Free

On the Peking-Hankow Line, communication is possible only between the Capital and Shih Kia Chwang, which is a village between Chentingfu and Shuntehfu, Chihli. Passengers are vigilantly searched at Shanhaikwan on the Peking-Fengtien Railway. On the Tientsin-Pukow Line, however, with the exception of the seventy freight-cars commandeered by Ni Shih-chung, there is no disturbance.

Passengers arriving at Shanghai on the 9.30 express last night stated that the through trip between Tientsin and this city is uninterfered with. They experienced no difficulty whatsoever on their journey.

Ni's Troops are Held Up By Tuchun of Shantung

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, June 1.—General Tsao Kun, the Military Governor of Chihli, has declared independence of the Central Government.

Movements of troops are reported from various quarters, but, up to the present, no definite advance northward has been made. Indeed, it is reported that the Tuchun of Shantung has refused to permit General Ni Shih-chung's troops to cross the border from Anhui, saying that they must wait till President Li Yuan-hung defines his attitude.

The opinion is growing that there will be no actual fighting. It is believed that an understanding exists between the Chihli troops and those of the independent provinces.

This belief tends to bear out the report that General Chang Hsun will come up to Peking in the capacity of mediator. The names of Vice-President Feng Kuo-chang and General Lu Yung-ting are also mentioned in connection with such a mission.

A number of Chinputang members of Parliament have resigned, including Mr. Tang Hua-lung, the Speaker of the Lower House, but only the latter's resignation has been accepted. It is believed that the Chinputang Party is endeavoring to solve the situation by bringing about a "voluntary" resignation of all the members of Parliament.

Ten Provinces Telegraph Loyalty To Government

(From The Chinese Press)

Telegrams to Peking from more than ten provinces Thursday assured the President that they will be loyal to the central government. The President immediately held a conference with General Wang Shih-chen and decided to deprive Ni of his office and appoint Chang Hsun in his place. Mr. Li will also send circular telegrams to the various provinces, enumerating General Ni's offenses and asking for the support of all people to suppress the revolt.

General Chang Hsun stated that upon the dissolution of Parliament and the restoration of Tuan Chi-jui, he will offer himself to mediate, otherwise all efforts will be futile.

Although a large number of the Tuchuns have declared themselves independent of the Peking government, only a few of them will be able to carry out their threats in marching against the capital, as many of them will be checked by their civil governors or even by their subordinates.

Fighting has already begun at Kulpangtse between the troops under Chang Tsao-ling, Tuchun of Fengtien and those under General Feng Ling-kuo, commander of the 28th division stationed in the province. The expeditionary forces of the former have been stopped before making any headway.

Fokien Is Divided

At Fokien, the civil governor, Wu Suey-ling, is opposed to the action of Li Hua-chi, who had only arrived at Foochow Thursday from Shanghai. The guards under Wu have already had some skirmishes with Li's troops.

The soldiers under Yang San-tuh, who are all natives of Chekiang, are not likely to follow their Peiyang leader against their government. Much opposition is raised by the Chambers of Commerce throughout the province to Yang's support of Ni.

Aside from Chang Hui-chi's circular telegram, severing relationship with Peking, there is really no military activity or preparation in Shantung. Numerous telegrams from Ni are daily pouring into the office of Chang, but the latter has not even declared openly his independence.

The Hupeh Tuchun, Wang Tsai-yuan, has not fully pledged himself for the cause of Ni Shih-chung. It is learned that certain requests of Wang have not been granted by Ni, so Wang is wavering.

General Chang Hsun's telegram to the President Wednesday demanded the participation of military men in political affairs, the dismissal of four employees of the office of the President, namely, Ting Shih-toh, Hah Han-chang, Chin Yung-hsien and Kuo Tai-chi, the restoration of Tuan Chi-jui, the declaration by the President of the innocence of all advocates of the monarchical movement and the dismissal of radical members of Parliament. Chang allowed five days for the President to answer.

Shensi Wires Decision

The President received in a telegram Thursday from Chen Shu-fang the declaration of independence of Shensi.

President Li despatched a delegate to interview Hsu Shih-chang at Tientsin and asking him for his assistance in solving the situation. He also asked the delegate to tell Tuan Chi-jui that he will surrender his Presidency to anyone who is capable of saving the country from danger.

Meetings of the Peiyang faction are being daily held at Tientsin. Fan Yuan-lien, former Minister of Education, is one of the delegates, although he is not a Peiyang man.

Chow Ping, the special commissioner sent by the government to pacify the rebels at Fengtien, has been arrested by the Tuchun, Chang Chao-ling.

Seventy freight cars have been commandeered on the Tientsin-Pukow line by Ni Shih-chung. Several locomotives, the personal property of Chang Hsun, have also been loaned to Ni for the transportation of troops. A portion of his troops have arrived at Tsinan, the main body is headed for Hsuchow, where Chang's troops are expected to join him. The director of the Tientsin-Pukow Line, Hsu Shih-chong, has resigned.

Troops Reach Tuchow

It is reported that the joint expedition of Chang Hsun and Ni Shih-chung has reached Tuchow, Shantung. Their aim is to acquire the arsenal there before doing anything else. The works are guarded by General Chen Kwan-yuan, who is expected to furnish some vigorous opposition.

The departure of the new premier, Li Ching-hsi, for Peitaiho was confirmed by a telephone message from his home to the President's office. Mr. Li Yuan-hung was much irritated at the news and remarked that Li Ching-hsi was too irresponsible.

General Wang Shih-chen has wired to Ni, asking him not to seize any of the railway cars or to despatch troops, but wait for the proper treatment of his demands by the government.

The situation at Peking is quiet, but numerous politicians and civilians are moving to Tientsin. The price of food is extremely high, while that of banknotes is below par. The money market is unusually tight.

Several members of the Lower House, including Speaker Tang Hua-lung, have resigned. Tang is said to be in Pengpu, assisting Ni in his organisation of a rebellious government. Wu Chin-lien was elected Speaker of the House Thursday.

7 Aeroplanes, Locked Together, Still Fight

Thrilling Stories of Air Battles While Troops in West Are Resting

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 31.—Correspondents at British headquarters state that, despite the lull in the fighting, the British aerial offensive continues unrelentingly, day and night and some of the most desperate air fights of the war have been fought recently, many at a height of 19,000 feet.

Thirty German machines were destroyed on the 27th alone, when, in one melee, six British and eight German aeroplanes were so close that wings grazed wings. The spectacle was bewildering as the combatants described enormous loops and crescents to hold on to each other's tails.

Once, seven machines, locked together, slid earthwards, pouring bullets into each other and amid a shower of shrapnel from the guns below. The fight ended in the destruction of four German machines, while the British came off without any loss.

On another occasion, a British pilot, after destroying two machines, was attacked, but felled his assailant with seven shots from an automatic pistol, after his machine-gun had jammed.

P. and O. Amalgamate With Union S. S. Coy.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 30.—The Times states that an agreement has been concluded for the fusion of the interests of the Peninsular and Oriental S. N. Company, Ltd. and the Union Steamship Company of New Zealand. (The Union S. S. Co. owns 78 vessels, totalling 249,000 tons.)

News Brevities

Mr. C. Stephenson Smith, Peking correspondent of the Associated Press, has gone to Russia for several months. Mr. W. R. Giles will act in his place during his absence.

* * *

A local branch of the Society Youroveta will be opened to all transactions in import and export business June 3 at No. 15 Avenue Edward VII. Messrs. Edmond Nile and Georges Rheims have been appointed joint managers of the branch.

* * *

Members of the China and Japan War Savings Association not possessing pass books are requested to quote their distinctive numbers when forwarding their June subscription to the secretary and treasurer. Members possessing pass books are asked to forward them with their remittances.

* * *

Mr. Sammons, American consul-general, has received a telegraphic request from the governor-general of the Philippines for information concerning the number of available deck and engine-room officers in this district holding American licenses.

* * *

American consul-general Sammons, on behalf of the American Red Cross, has thanked Mr. W. S. Jackson, chairman of the Shanghai Race Club, for his check for $1,000 as a contribution from the proceeds of the Spring race meeting.

* * *

The Shanghai Isis Theater is showing tonight the 5th and 6th episodes of the thrilling master plot "The Mysteries of Myra," in 4 parts. A number of comedies add to the attractiveness of the program.

* * *

The news has come through that W. J. Porter, the man who was invalided from the Shanghai Police and yet enlisted in the British Army, has been promoted from Sergeant to Lieutenant in the Highlanders. Lieutenant Porter recently had a particularly harrowing experience, even in this war of exceptional horrors. During a charge, he passed his brother, also in the Highlanders, badly wounded, but was unable to stop and assist him. He has since heard that his brother has died.

* * *

Several calls brought out companies of the Fire Brigade during th past two days. On two occasions, however, the blazes, which were small, were found to be outside the Settlement. The Hongkew company attended to one small fire at No. YC 27 off North Szechuen Road extension.

YOUR PORTRAIT

Have it taken now while you are young and good-looking.

Burr 2 Broadway

LONDON TO ROME TRIP BY BRITISH AEROPLANE

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, May 30.—A British aeroplane has arrived after flying from London, with stops at Paris, Turin and Pisa.

IDOL PARADE FOR RAIN

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Chinkiang, May 31.—On account of the prolonged drought and much sickness the Chinese of Chinkiang and vicinity celebrated with an idol procession today in a manner that has not been done for about twenty years. Great crowds from all the surrounding country pored into the city to witness the great idol procession (Tu T'ien Hwei.) The cost of the procession itself was more than ten thousand dollars. The drought is becoming serious.

Rice Crop Menaced

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Nanking, May 31.—A few days continuance of the drought in this region will kill the second rice planting and bring the people to great distress.

Feng Kuo-chang's Position

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Nanking, May 31.—Gen. Feng Kuo-chang gives gentle support to the Government, at the same time inspiring confidence in this region.

Sung Toh-yoh Is New Manager S.-N. Railway

Has Been Deputy Before; Foreign Educated, Specialised In U. S. Railroad Working

Mr. Sung Toh-yoh, according to the Republican Daily News, has been appointed managing director of the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hanchow-Ningpo Railways. Mr. Sung acted in this capacity last year, during the absence of Mr. M. Y. Chung. Since then he has been directing one of the branch lines of the Canton-Hankow Railway.

He was educated in America, where he specialised in railway administration and is considered one of the experts of his profession.

World Socialists Will Be Convened

(Continued from Page 1)

despotism as they saved Europe from Napoleon and also that they would continue to bear their share in smashing the bloody Turks and thus end their tyranny against Christianity.

He ventured to remind their Russian brethren that discipline must accompany freedom, otherwise freedom, like new wine, sometimes goes to the head.

Germany, he remarked, is quite ready to swallow all Russia's ideal formulas about peace without annexation or indemnities and to swallow Russia too. Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg's recent speech showed that Germany longed for peace, but a peace based on German victories. Germany, who was built by blood and iron, must be downed by blood and iron.

He hoped that the Russians would not forget the agony of Servia and Belgium. The latter was making a brave fight not only in Europe but also in East Africa and Central Africa. He knew he was expressing the sentiment of the Russian and other democracies when he said: "Shame on the Allies if we let these small nations go under!"

General Smuts concluded: "We have achieved what was thought impossible, namely, the union of the free peoples of the world against autocracies like Germany, Austria and Turkey and, you may add, the devil! What a combination!"

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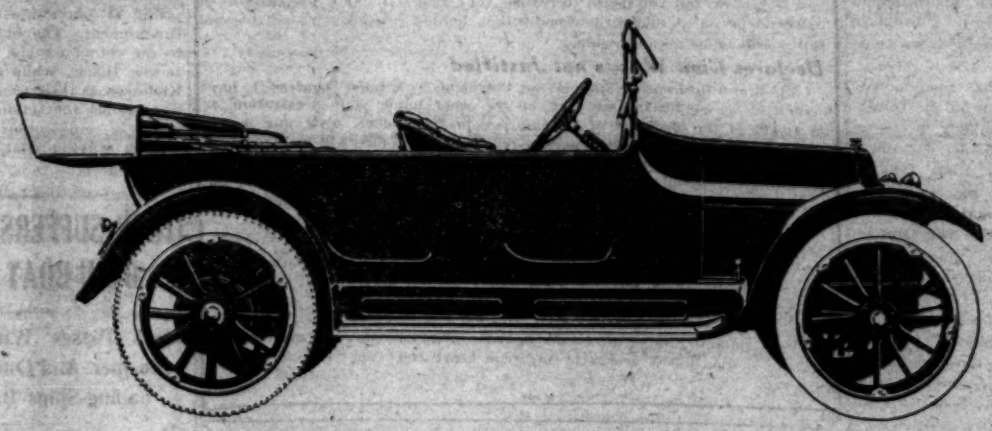

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Jurisdiction Over German Proteges Again Up in Court; Forged Passport One Charge

Two Turkish Subjects Contest Right of Mixed Court To Hear Their Cases

Three important cases involving foreigners and the question of jurisdiction over subjects of nations allied with Germany were heard in the Mixed Court yesterday morning.

The question will be argued on Monday.

In one the charge was larceny by bailee, in the other breach of neutrality by the possession of a forged passport and in the third extortion. The cases were heard by Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Wong.

Mr. Abraham Katz, who claims Turkish nationality, was the first defendant. Mr. A. Ettinger, also Turkish, was the second and Leon Lazor, a Rumanian and therefore under the charge of the German consulate, was the last.

The first case called was that of Mr. Katz, the complainant against whom was Mr. James Magill. Mr. Frank W. Hadley, who acted as attorney for Mr. Katz, entered objection to the jurisdiction of the Mixed Court on the ground that his client was a Turkish subject and therefore under the jurisdiction of the Netherlands consulate, which has taken over German interests. He said he understood the Netherlands consulate had claimed jurisdiction and proposed leaving the matter for settlement by the diplomatic bodies. To this Mr. Grant Jones replied that it was a legal and not a diplomatic matter and one for the court to decide. He added that it was no question for those without any knowledge of law to act upon.

Mr. Master made a lengthy reply to Mr. Hadley's argument: The extraterritorial rights enjoyed by Germany prior to the breaking off of diplomatic relations by China, he said, were governed by the Sino-German treaty of 1861, and nowhere in that treaty was there a single word to be found which purported to give Germany any rights whatever over any others than her own nationals. Article 4 referred exclusively to nationals and German subjects. On the breaking off of diplomatic relations for a time Germany's extraterritorial rights were withdrawn, but there was subsequently some sort of re-grant of those rights to a limited extent, a number of offences being excepted.

It was absurd, he said, to suggest that such re-grant could extend any rights which Germany had under her treaty and the Consul-General for the Netherlands could of course not claim any greater rights than Germany. That the Consul-General for the Netherlands claimed as the fount of his jurisdiction the Sino-German Treaty of 1861 was shown by the letter to the Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council published in the Municipal Gazette of April 19 in connection with the Seubert case.

The important part of that letter was that after referring to the man Seubert having been brought up before the Mixed Court he says: He ought to have been brought to answer for his behavior to the competent judicial authorities which the Sino-German Treaty of 1861 still enforced as provided for him as a German subject and which under the present circumstances is Her Netherlands Majesty's Consul General in Shanghai."

Mr. Master continued that it was absurd to attempt to extend Germany's extraterritorial rights to govern persons such as the accused; nobody but German subjects were entitled to these rules and although Germany had in the past claimed to exercise jurisdiction over proteges and nationals of other countries unrepresented or who registered themselves at the German Consulate, there did not appear to be any right to support such claim, and the same has never been recognised by China. He submitted that the Netherlands Consul-General had nothing whatever to do with this case and had no right to interfere—he entirely misconceived his position. The authorities regarded the substantiation of these rights as now claimed with grave apprehension in view of the number of unrepresented rogues and vagabonds in German or Turkish employ. He submitted, and he understood that this was the view held by the Municipal authorities, that it was for the Mixed Court, and it alone, to decide the jurisdiction.

It was decided by the court to postpone ruling on the question until arguments are held Monday morning on a similar case. This is the case involving Mr. Ettinger. The charge against the latter, who is a merchant at 30 Ningpo Road, is that of bearing a forged passport.

The charge is that Mr. Ettinger had in his possession the photograph of a blank passport bearing the signature of Carlos de Sostoa, former Spanish consul here, and a photograph of A. Nielsen, an Austrian subject. He was arrested on Thursday by Sub-Inspectors Schmitt and Reeves.

Mr. V. Visenzinovich, chancellor of the Spanish consulate, testified that in his opinion the signature on the passport had been forged, particularly as Spanish consular officials never attached their signatures to blank passports.

Dr. O. S. Fischer appeared as counsel for the defendant and asked for a remand in order that he might prepare an argument contesting the jurisdiction of the Mixed Court. The case was remanded to Monday morning.

The third case, that of Leon Lazor, was dismissed on the failure of the complainant, Fannie Ceber, to give evidence against the accused. Sub-Inspector Schmitt testified that he had been asked by the complainant to arrest Lazor on the charge that he had tried to extort $100 from her.

She got into the witness box and told a rambling story of having arrived in Shanghai on Tuesday and having been stopped, on her way from the station, by the accused, who took a box away from her. She said she did not tell the officer anything about an attempted extortion. She was asked by Mr. K. E. Newman, who was conducting the prosecution for the police, whether the box contained opium. She said it did not. On her refusal to give any testimony against the accused the case was dismissed.

Invite Mr. Churchill Back Into Ministry

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 31.—The Daily Chronicle states that Mr. Winston Churchill has been offered a post in the Government.

ALLIED CO-OPERATION

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, May 30.—M. Boussenot, the Secretary of the Naval Committee of the Chamber of Deputies, in an article in a newspaper appealing for further British help for French shipping, mentions that over 600 British ships are at present working for France.

Obituary

Edouard de Reszke

Reuter's Service

Amsterdam, May 30.—The death is announced of Edouard de Reszke, the famous Polish singer.

Men Who Man the Guns of Steamship St. Louis

GUN CREWS OF S.S. ST. LOUIS. ©INTERNATIONAL

Eighteen of Uncle Sam's sailors, who comprise the three gun crews of the American Line passenger steamer St. Louis. During shore leave the bluejackets have been aiding in bringing in recruits for the navy, appearing at New York enlistment stations and making speeches to prospective jackies.

APPEAL FOR WAR VOTE BY BRAZIL'S PRESIDENT

Consulate Receives Text Of Address Asking Congress to Act Against Germany

Mr. Hugo Reiss, Consul for Brazil, has just received officially through the Brazilian Legation at Tokio for publication the text of the presidential message presented to the National Congress in Rio de Janeiro, on May 23. The message follows:

"Gentlemen members of the National Congress. In the message presented by me to the National Congress on the 3rd of the current month I declared that I have promulgated the Decree No. 12,458 of April 25th last concerning the neutrality on the part of Brazil during the state of war between the United States of America and the Imperial Government of Germany. Nevertheless I suspended diplomatic and commercial relations with Germany, following the general law till then accepted in accordance with Decree No. 11,037 of August 4th, 1914, which consolidates the prescripts of the two conventions signed by Brazil at the Hague relating to the rights and duties of neutral powers and persons but forsaking to use in that document the terms used in former acts of this nature and directing that the authorities observe and fulfil the rules of neutrality whilst they are not ordered to the contrary.

"The Government could not go beyond; but the Brazilian nation through its legislative organ can, without warlike design but with firmness, consider that one of the belligerents is an integral part of the American Continent and that to that belligerent we are tied by a traditional friendship and by the same political thought in the defence of the vital interests of America and of the principles accepted by the international law. This has always been the conduct of Brazil; the Republic remains true to the uninterrupted tradition of its external policy and today could not repudiate the ideas which inspired the note of protest of the Empire of Brazil on May 15, 1866, when a European fleet bombarded a South American city. Our orientation already then was that the nations of the continent of richness and of a population scattered along extensive and undefended coasts require more than any such other nations that the highest principles of modern civilisation be maintained and that these constitute their first and most efficacious protection. Accentuating at last that the policy of Continental solidarity is not the policy of this period of government nor of this regime but the traditional policy of the Brazilian Nation, I submit the subject to the judgment of the National Congress, convinced, if by chance any resolution be adopted, that it will confirm still more the happy understanding which exists between Brazil and the United States."

GERMANS ARE WAGING HOLY WAR, SAYS KAISER

Appreciates French Motives But Charges British With Lust For Greater Power

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, May 30.—The Kaiser recently, in a remarkable address to the troops on the Arras front, declared that "the enemy is attempting with unparalleled supplies of munitions to finally break the German resistance. Noble-minded Germans can appreciate the motives of the French, who are fighting to liberate their homes, but the British are fighting obstinately and tenaciously only for the enlargement of their power at the cost of Germany.

"Germany is fighting a holy fight, the duration of which is in the hands of God; Germany's business is to hold on, however long it may last. The civil population of Germany is prepared to share with the troops every danger and distress.

"Meanwhile, German submarines are working to cut to pieces the enemy's vital nerve."

London, May 31.—Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters, amplifying the Kaiser's speech to the German troops on the Arras front, says that the Kaiser told the soldiers they must hate the British as heartily as their capacity for righteous wrath permitted and no prisoners must be taken or mercy shown in future. Subsequently, he contradictorily enjoined that all prisoners should be treated with the utmost severity and forbade any fraternisation whatsoever.

Reuter's correspondent comments that the Kaiser's fury against Great Britain doubtlessly is due to the growing insistence upon the "no peace with the Hohenzollerns" doctrine.

FRENCH BANK BUYS SITE FOR NEW HOME

Purchases Property At Bund And Avenue Edouard VII And Will Put Up Own Building

One of the biggest real estate transactions of the season and which will insure one of the finest improvements possible for Shanghai's business district, was concluded yesterday when it was announced that the Banque Industrielle de Chine had purchased the entire corner property at the junction of the French Bund and the Avenue Edouard VII. This property, now occupied by the Bank and several other concerns, comprises more than four mows of ground, extending as far south as Melchers and Co. on the French Bund. It was secured from the Foreign Mission and though the consideration is not given it is understood that it was at quite a large figure.

It is the intention of the Bank to erect an imposing office and apartment building upon the site, according to Mr. C. Lion, manager. The construction will not be started before 1919 owing to the fact that leases held by other firms occupying the premises do not run out until that time.

Thus is promised one of the finest business corners in the city, the new McBain building and several other fine structures being situated at this point. The new bank building, however, will be much larger than any of its neighbors, and will be of the most modern type. It will have a number of suitable suites for large firms.

The property was under lease to the Bank for two years yet. The Shanghai Tug and Lighter Co., A. Chapeaux, Mission Etrangeres, International Savings Society and several additional firms are other concerns now in occupancy.

Wedding

Buck-Sydenstricker

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Chinkiang, China, May 30.—The marriage of Miss Pearl Sydenstricker to Mr. John Lossing Buck of Nanhsuchow took place at the home of the bride this afternoon at five o'clock.

The ceremony was held on the lawn which was beautifully decorated. An arch of bamboo was erected from which was suspended a large wedding bell. The color scheme was pink and white.

The bride's gown was made of white silk trimmed georgette crepe. Her veil was fastened with a band of pearls and orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of bride's-roses and maidenhair fern. Her sister Miss Grace Sydenstricker was the maid of honor. She was dressed in white and pink and carried pink roses.

Misses Orene Richardson, Virginia Paxton and Anna Crenshaw were flower girls and were dressed in white with pink ribbons and carried baskets of pink and white roses. Masters Donald Richardson and John Crenshaw were ribbon bearers.

Mr. D. L. Kelsey of Nanking was best man. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. W. Richardson assisted by the bride's father. Mr. A. W. Gilbert, Vice Consul, was present to witness the ceremony.

After the ceremony refreshments were served on the lawn. Mr. and Mrs. Buck took the evening steamer for Kuling where they will spend the summer.

Just before the ceremony Mrs. Napier of Yangchow sang "O Perfect Love," her accompanist being Mrs. Richardson.

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W.M. Thackeray The Virginians Chapter 1.

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WILSON WELCOMES JOFFRE AND VIVIANI AS CAPITAL CHEERS

Official Reception to Representatives of France Marked By Great Enthusiasm — Marne Hero in Tears

FIN)S TIME TO DISCUSS WAR PLANS WITH SCOTT

In Conference With Chief Of Staff and Secretary Baker — Mission Is Entertained at Banquet in White House

Washington, April 28.—Marshal Joffre, former Premier Viviani and their associates of the French Commission were cheered to the echo today by thousands of persons who witnessed their visit to the Navy Department and the White House.

The President was particularly gracious to the representatives of the French Republic, receiving them with a great deal more ceremonial than is usually accorded to foreign visitors. In the evening the President gave a state dinner in their honor at which were sixty-two guests, including the Vice President, members of the Cabinet and a number of women.

The first appearance of the French Marshal, Minister of Justice, Admiral Chocheprat and Vicomte de Chambrun was at the State Department. Attended by Ambassador Jusserand they motored to the Department from the White residence.

The throngs here between the White House grounds and the State, War and Navy Departments Building was packed with people in automobiles and on foot. As the visitors left their motor a mighty cheer arose from the crowd. Clerks from the three departments gathered on the steps and in the hallways and kept up a running explosion of handclaps and cheers as the French Ambassador escorted his countrymen to the office of the Secretary of State.

Joffre Agile on Stairs

"Papa" Joffre provided convincing proof that the long campaign which he has led against the Kaiser's forces has not impaired his physical capabilities. He ran up the long flight of steps to the building two at a time, and on reaching the summit turned and beckoned to companions who mounted more sedately.

During the journey through the corridors of the naval establishment to that of the State Department the great French soldier and his associates were constantly cheered by officials of all the departments and by colored troopers and sailors performing orderly duty.

The call on Mr. Lansing lasted only a few minutes. Then the visitors departed for the White House through a lane of automobiles decorated with the tricolor and the American flag, and which kept up a din of honking.

Letter From Poincare

At the main entrance to the Executive mansion were grouped a large number of army and navy aides in full dress uniform. There was the formal exchange of salutes, after which the guests were ushered into the blue room, where the President received them. Marshal Joffre and M. Viviani were introduced by Secretary Lansing and M. Viviani presented to the President a letter addressed to him by President Poincare of the French Republic.

The formalities over, the French officials left the White House on other missions. M. Viviani went to the Capitol, where he made a formal call on Vice President Marshal. A number of Senators paid their respects to him.

As M. Viviani does not speak English, the introduction and interpreting were done by the Marquis de Chambrun who speaks excellent English, so well in fact that the Vice President said later that the Marquis had understood his "Hoosier dialect."

Joffre Calls on Baker

While the French Minister of Justice was at the Capitol, Marshal Joffre was calling on the Secretary of War, and Admiral Chocheprat was paying his respects to Secretary Daniels.

The French fighting man was followed by a crowd wherever he went. At one time it was necessary for the police to force back the people to make way for him.

An impressive scene occurred at the State, War and Navy Building when Marshal Joffre returned for a second visit after his call upon President Wilson. The French Marshal walked to the office of Second Assistant Secretary of State Adee, with whom he has been personally acquainted for years. Mr. Adee met him in the corridor outside. Marshal Joffre was attended by members of the American General Staff in full dress uniform as he himself was.

Marshal Joffre and Mr. Adee greeted each other warmly. Neither seemed willing to let go the other's hand. As they chatted in French a large crowd of officials and employes gathered about them. Pretty soon cheer after cheer went up for the hero of the Marne.

Is Moved to Tears

Marshal Joffre was greatly moved. He grasped Mr. Adee's hand tighter and closed his jaw. A few moments later, as another ringing cheer was sent up the General disengaged his hand and began to shake the hands of persons in the crowd about. Tears glistened in his eyes as he blinked furiously in an attempt to keep them back.

Part of U. S. in War

The French visitors began conference with American officials regarding the conduct of the war against Germany promptly after their leaders had paid their official calls.

Of foremost importance was a two hour talk between Marshal Joffre and members of his staff and Secretary Baker, Gen. Scott, Chief of Staff, and several other American army officers. It took place at the home of Henry White, former American Ambassador to France, where the French visitors are being entertained as the guests of the Nation.

France is known to desire the sensing of an American expeditionary force to co-operate with the armies, and Marshal Joffre came to the United States prepared to give reasons for the opinion of French military experts that the sending of such a force is advisable. Information regarding the meeting between the military leaders was withheld.

Admiral Chocheprat and his aides spent some time at the Navy Department, conferring with Assistant Secretary Roosevelt. At this conference it was arranged that the naval representative of the French Government should meet the British naval representatives tomorrow to map out the plan of action to provide for the participation of the naval forces of this country in the war on U-boats.

The White House Dinner

A large crowd gathered outside the White House tonight to witness the arrival of the French guests. The grounds were closed and the gates guarded by policemen. The Marine Band was stationed in the main hall of the mansion and played during the dinner. The decorations were pink tulips, red lilacs and maidenhair fern. The full list of guests was:

The President and Mrs. Wilson, the Vice President and Mrs. Marshal, the Ambassador of France and Mme. Jusserand, M. Viviani, Marshal Joffre, Vice Admiral Chocepart, the Marquis de Chambrun, M. Simon, M. Novelnique, Lieut. Col. Fabry, Lieut. Col. Redmond, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Mrs. White, the Speaker of the House and Mrs. Clark, the Secretary of State and Mrs. Lansing, the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. McAdoo, the secretary of War and Mrs. Baker, the Attorney General and Mrs. Gregory, the Postmaster General and Mrs. Burleason, the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels, the Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Lane, the Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Houston, the Secretary of Commerce and Mrs. Redfield, Secretary of Labor Wilson, the Secretary to the President and Mrs. Tumulty, Admiral and Mrs. Benson, the Chief of Staff of the Army and Mrs. Scott.

Frank L. Polk, Counsellor of the State Department, Mr. and Mrs. William Phillips, Henry White, Mrs. George Vanderbilt, Mrs. Bayard, Mrs. Julian James, Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. Marshal Field, Mrs. Reginald Fendall, Lady Maud Cavendish, Miss Mabel Boardman, Miss Agnes Wilson; Miss Helen W. Bones, Miss Edith Benham, Col. and Mrs. W. W. Harts, Lieut. Commander and Mrs. Robert L. Berry.

Tomorrow morning Admiral Chocheprat will confer with Admiral Benson and will call at the Navy Yard in the afternoon while Marshal Joffre is at the War College. A visit to the Supreme Court of the United States will be made tomorrow afternoon by M. Viviani. The French Embassy will entrain the members of the commission at a dinner tomorrow evening.

NEAR END IN EAST AFRICA

German Hiding in Swamps in Wettest Season for Nine Years

London, April 28.—The present rainy season is the wettest experienced in German East Africa in the last nine years, and all active preparations on a large scale are suspended, says an official statement today. It continues:

In the Kilwa area, and especially in the Matandu Valley, there has been considerable patrol activity. Recently a small patrol of our West African troops successfully ambushed an enemy force of two companies, killing or wounding fifty men, with little loss to themselves.

In the Rufuji area a large German hospital established for a considerable time at Mrangatara, between the Samani arm of the Rufuji and the main stream, was surrendered to us on the 5th by its commandant, who invoked the Geneva Convention, on account of the flooding of the site and the lack of food. The 62 (German?) and 140 native patients who remained in the hospital have been evacuated by us and cared for.

Only African native troops under white officers are now being employed in rounding up the remnant of the German forces, which are surrounded in the great south-east swamp area, the white regiments having been withdrawn because of the fevers that render operations in this region deadly to Europeans, even during the dry season.

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Shipping Items

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N., s.s. Running left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Esang left Hongkong for Shanghai via Swatow on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming left Tientsin for Shanghai via Chefoo on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangkwan left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tabe Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Fenglin left Tientsin for Shanghai, via Chefoo and Weihaiwei on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin for Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei tomorrow.

The I.-C. s.s. Koonshing left Tientsin for Shanghai, via Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Taingtao on Thursday.

The N.S. s.s. Ningshan left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Yoto Maru (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Chiyuen left Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Loenho will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The K.M.A. s.s. Pukuchi (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Thursday.

The O.S.K. s.s. Yokohama-Shanghai line s.s. Yawata Maru, with malls left Nagasaki for Shanghai on Thursday, and may be expected to arrive at N.Y.K. wharf today, about 9 a.m. She will be despatched for Nagasaki on Tuesday, June 3.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo from Hankow:—Mr. C. Arli, and Mr. E. Householder.

Per C.N. s.s. Hain Peking from Ningpo:—Mr. G. H. Campbell.

Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador from San Francisco:—Mrs. S. Brown, Mr. Francis Chang, Mrs. F. M. Haller, Dr. H. C. Lander, Rev. Frank E. Land, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Myers, Miss M. Pierce, Rev. and Mrs. A. D. Rice, Mrs. A. Rice, Miss Mary S. Rice, Miss Esther M. Rice, Master Willie B. Rice, Master John B. Rice, Miss E. Tate, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Williams.

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.

Fushimi Maru ..... May 7
Hirano Maru ..... May 7
Kaga Maru ..... May 15
Kinano Maru ..... Apr. 12
Miyazaki Maru ..... Mar. 30
Pembrokeshire ..... May 4

For New York

Tatsuno Maru ..... May 21
Tokiwa Maru ..... Mar. 21

For San Francisco, etc.

Korea Maru ..... May 8
Siberia Maru ..... May 19
Tenyo Maru ..... May 28

For Seattle

Awa Maru ..... May 4
Yokohama Maru ..... May 14

For Tacoma

Panama Maru ..... May 18

Flower Show is a Success Despite The Dry Weather

Large Display From Shanghai Amateurs' Gardens Surprises Visitors at Exhibition in Town Hall

The soured and cynical personage, or dragon, or whoever or whatever it is that has been dispensing the weather this season must have smashed his—or its—teeth and mutilated "Folled again" if he—or it—happened into the Town Hall yesterday. The soft blaze of kaleidoscope coloring within was a rebuff and a shock to both frost and drought, and it was unanimously acclaimed that the 41st annual Spring Flower Show of the Shanghai Horticultural Society—adverse growing conditions to the contrary notwithstanding—was a success.

A splendid and colorful array of potted and cut flowers, ferns and other foliage plants, artistically arranged, comfortably filled the drill hall and one adjacent room. Competition was not so keen as would have been the case under better gardening conditions, but on the whole the management expressed itself as more than satisfied with the showing made. The extent of the display was a surprise to many visitors. The showing of vegetables was cut down somewhat by the recent dry weather, but a comprehensive outlay was in evidence none the less.

Of the various floral groups those from Mrs. C. E. Rayner's garden drew particular attention, and took two special first prizes. One group was a striking arrangement of flowering and foliage plants, including variegated leaved begonias, cannas, calcolaria and rehmania. The other was a table of flowering tuberous begonias and ferns.

The Society's prize for a group of flowering plants was also won by Mme. Coursier, Mrs. E. I. Ezra's entry taking second and Mrs. Rayner's third.

Of the cut flowers competitions Mrs. H. Hanbury took the prize for a new class calling for not less than 4 vases of hardy plants. Her collection comprised 22 different items, including some very fine gerbera, larkspurs and snapdragons and made a splendid display.

Fuchsias, marguerite, bougainvilles, potted dahlias, hydrangeas and pandies were other outstanding features of the show. The cut sweet pea exhibit by the Society's medal were not so good as formerly because of the dry weather but Mr. C. H. Boucher's lot, the winners, were quite fine. Mr. MacGregor, in commenting on the table decorations exhibit, said that it was quite the best ever seen in the hall. Mme. Coursier took a special award in this class with a dahlia display.

Many interested visitors attended the show, among them Prof. L. H. Bailey, former director of Cornell College of Agriculture and one of the foremost horticulturists of the time.

The judges were Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, and Messrs. F. Ayscough, J. Ambrose, L. Grenard, Way Yuding, C. H. Caree, R. C. Turner, P. H. Peebles and E. B. Honton-Smith.

List of Awards

Geranium, single bush—1 and 2 Tsang Yuen-chi; h.m. Yue Tse-doo.

Geranium, single standard—1 and 2 Tsang Yuen-chi.

Pelargonium—1, Mr. P. Peebles—2 and 3 N. L. Sparke; h.m. Chang Yuen-chi.

Petunias, single—1, Yue Tse-doo; 2, F. Ayscough.

Petunia—1, 2 and h.m. Yue Tse-doo.

Centaurin—1, 2 and h.m. Tsang Teng-sun.

Canterbury Bells—1 and 2 Tsang Yuen-chi.

Lobelia—1, 2 and 3 N. L. Sparke.

Phlox Drummondii—1, Way Yuding; h.m. P. W. Potter.

Primula—1, F. W. Potter.

Mimulus—h.m. P. W. Potter.

Pansies—1, 2 and h.m. Mrs. G. D. Coutts.

Chrysanthemum, annual—1, Tsang Teng-sun.

Dianthus Sinensis 1 and 2, Mrs. E. Ezra; 3, Way Yu-ding; h.m. Mrs. Hanbury.

Chrysanthemum "White Snow"—1 and 2, Mrs. Hanbury; 3, Tsang Teng-sun.

Marguerite—1 and 2, Mrs. F. C. Pearce.

Climbing geranium—1 and 2, Yue Tse-doo.

Digitalis—1, Mrs. G. D. Coutts.

Sweet Geranium—h.m. Mrs. Ezra.

Nasturtium—2, Mrs. Hanbury.

Begonia—1, Mrs. Ezra.

Hydrangea—1, Mrs. Peebles; 1, Mrs. Ezra.

Jacobaea—1, Chang Yuen-chi.

Cactus Dahlia—1, Mrs. Ezra; h.m. N. L. Sparke.

Dwarf Fine—1, R. E. Toeg.

Fuchsia, double, hanging—1, Chang Yuen-chi.

Fuchsia, single, hanging—2, Chang Yuen-chi.

Fuchsia, single, standard—1, N. L. Sparke; 1, Chang Yuen-chi.

Fuchsia, double, standard—1, N. L. Sparke.

Fuchsia, long colyx—1, Mrs. Ezra; 2, Chang Yuen-chi; 3, N. L. Sparke.

Group of plants—1, Mme. Courtier; 2, Mrs. Ezra; 3, C. Rayner.

Special first prize—Mrs. Rayner, for group of Tuberous Begonias.

Special First Prize—Mrs. Rayner, for group of Calceolarias, gloxinias and Rex begonias.

Cut Flowers

12 Cut Rose blooms in variety—h.m. Mme. Courtier.

12 vases of Sweet Peas, not less than six varieties—1 and Society's medal, C. R. Shows; 2, Mr. P. Peebles; 3, Mr. Ryde; h.m., Mrs. McNeill.

Collection of Hardy Annuals and Perennials—1, Mrs. Hanbury.

Basket—1, R. E. Toeg; 2, Mrs. E. C. Pearce.

Large Basket—1, Mrs. A. C. Craddock; 2, Mrs. E. C. Pearce.

Large vase—1, Mrs. A. Lambert.

Vase Carnations—1, Mrs. Rayner.

Pansies in variety—1, C. H. Caree; 2, Mrs. A. Lambert.

Iradescantia Ferns—1, Mrs. Hanbury.

Bougonvillea—1, Tsang Teing-sun.

Hollyhock—1, Tsang Teing-sun.

Nicotiana—1, Mrs. A. K. Craddock; 2, F. W. Potter.

Asparagus Fern—1, R. E. Toeg.

Selaginella—1, R. E. Toeg.

Boston Fern—1, R. E. Toeg.

Adantum cunealum—1, 2 and 3, Mrs. Ezra.

Adiantum Gracilis—1, Mrs. E. C. Pearce; 2, Mrs. Ezra.

Adiantum—Way Tu-ding.

Sago Palm—1, Chang Yuen-chi.

Fern Dish—1, Pan Kee.

Stonecrop—1, Way Tu-ding.

Ornamental grasses—Mrs. Hanbury.

Adiantum, Ichang stone—1, R. E. Toeg.

Phastis grandiflora (orchid)—1, Pan Kee; 2, Fanken.

Hepperastrum—1, R. E. Toeg.

Gobbea—1, Mrs. Hanbury.

Vegetables

Green peas—1, A. P. Nazer; 2, J. Amos.

French Beans—1, A. K. Craddock.

Potatoes—1, A. P. Nazer; 2, A. P. Nazer; 3, Mrs. G. D. Coutts.

Beetroot—1, A. P. Nazer; 2, Way Yu-ding.

Carrots—1, A. P. Nazer; 2, G. D. Coutts.

Cabbage lettuce—1, and 2, A. P. Nazer.

Lettuce—1, Mrs. Ezra; 2, A. P. Nazer.

Chive—1, A. P. Nazer.

Horseradish—1, Mrs. G. D. Coutts.

Leeks—1, N. L. Sparke; 2, P. Cauliflower—1, Way Yu-ding.

Onions—1, R. Toeg; 2, Mrs. E. C. Pearce.

Spinach—1, N. L. Sparke.

Spinach (2)—1, Way Yu-ding; 2, F. W. Potter.

Rhubarb—1, Way Yu-ding.

Globe artichokes—1, Mrs. E. C. Pearce.

Turnips—1, A. P. Nazer.

Cucumbers—1, Mrs. Carr.

Mint—1, N. L. Sparke.

Strawberries—1, Way Yu-ding.

Tomatoes—1, F. Peebles.

Asparagus—1, Way Yu-ding.

Watercress—1, Mme. Coursier.

Turnips—1, Way Yu-ding.

Sage—1, F. W. Potter.

Thyme—1, Way Yu-ding.

Cabbage—1, Way Yu-ding; 2, A. P. Nazer.

Kohl-rabi—1, Way Yu-ding; 2, F. Ayscough.

Collection of Vegetables—1, R. E. Toeg; 2, A. P. Nazer.

Salafy—h.m. Mme. Coursier.

Chung Ling-soo Farewell

Tonight will be the final performance given by Chung Ling-soo at the Victoria Theatre. There will be a special "All Boo" matinee 4.30 in which Chung Ling-soo will give the entire performance himself. The evening program will be the same as usual, the variety company occupying the first half of the program and Soo's magic the second part. There should be a bumper house tonight to witness the "farewell" of this famous artist.

AMERICAN SONG SERVICE

The American Song Service will be held in the banquet hall of the Palace Hotel, fifth floor, at 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Mr. Charles Bovnton will be the speaker and Mrs. Bradley will sing. A cordial invitation to attend is extended to all Americans and their friends.

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SHANGHAI BALL TEAM MEETS NAVY AT 3 TODAY

Landsmen To Try Out New Pitcher In Attempt To Stop Jugging Sailors

Shanghai plays the Navy on the Race Course diamond at 3 o'clock this afternoon and the landsmen are out to avenge the beating the sailors handed them on Memorial Day. The Shanghai club will go into the field behind another new pitcher in today's effort.

The new man is Dorrence, recently come from Hangchow and said to carry an armful of tricks that may baffle the slugging tars. The Navy team is picked this time from the crews of the Quiroga and Villalobos.

The teams for the Red and Blue Sox inter-club series have been selected from the Shanghai players and the schedule will open Tuesday afternoon.

The Red Sox team includes the following: Woods (Capt.), Porterfield, Hadley, Drake, Sokall, Pomeroy, Ollerdessen, Bills, Reid, Clapp, Bowman, Barber, Blanco, Jenkins, Tucker, Maile, and Burke.

The Blue Sox roster reads:—

Tinkum (Capt.), Swan, Epps, Roberts, Hyker, Wilhoit, Holiday, Nichols, Bristow, Hutcheson, Black, Hening, J. Roberts, Hampton, Arnold, Steed, Stevenson.

The line-ups were chosen by the two captains, Mr. Bunn acting as referee. The schedule will be printed shortly.

Cricket

The Police Cricket Club meets the Parsee Cricket Club this afternoon on the police ground. Following is the Police team:

K. E. Newman, Insp. Spottiswoode, Sgt. Maj. Fairbairn, Sgts. Adams, Mason, Bridger, Treacher and Doyle, Det.-Sgt. Robertson, Constables Fry and Eite.

Parsees—H. Bhoors, M. C. Charna, K. D. Karanjia, J. P. Lalkaka, H. R. Madan, R. H. Razi, Captain, Cawas B. Sethna, Jamshed H. Shroff, Jehangir H. Shroff, N. Is Soparivala, and Nicajee Rutton.

Umpire:—B. C. Sethna.

S.M.V. v. Hunbury Old Boys

The Shanghai-Nanking Railway Club plays the Thomas Hanbury School Old Boys Club at Marlow Road Park at 2.30 this afternoon. A special will leave the Shanghai North station at 2.15, p.m. The team includes:

C. Short, P. Keefe, G. Dawson, G. Tyler, D. McKay, L. F. Quincey, C. L. W. Bailey, C. L. G. Wayne, W. A. Lannaster, E. D. Sullivan and F. D. Mulvey (Capt.).

K.C.C. v. S.R.C.

The Shanghai Cricket Club plays the Shanghai Recreation Club on the former's ground at 2 p.m. today. The teams:

C. Short, P. Keefe, G. Dawson, G. Tyler, D. McKay, L. F. Quincey, C. L. W. Bailey, C. L. G. Wayne, W. A. Lannaster, E. D. Sullivan and F. D. Mulvey (Capt.).

K.C.C. v. S.R.C.

The Shanghai Recreation Club will play the Public School at 2 o'clock on the Recreation ground.

S.C.C. 2nd XI—R. G. Barnes, J. Cockin, D. Cooke, H. Langley, C. L. Martin, G. C. Norman, G. C. Ross, T. G. Smeaton, W. H. L. Warrener, H. S. Wavell, W. E. Anderson and W. H. Meule (Capt.).

S.C.C. 2nd XI v. Public School

The S.C.C. second eleven will play the Public School at 2 o'clock on the Recreation ground.

S.C.C. 2nd XI—R. G. Barnes, J. Cockin, D. Cooke, H. Langley, C. L. Martin, G. C. Norman, G. C. Ross, T. G. Smeaton, W. H. L. Warrener, H. S. Wavell, W. E. Anderson and W. H. Meule (Capt.).

Lawn Bowls

Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club

The first round of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club Rink Competition will be played this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Junior Golf Club

The first round of the Junior Golf Club Rink Handicap will be played off today and tomorrow.

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Shanghai Revolver Club

The Club's second annual revolver championship competition for members closed Thursday. Although the entry list was not so large as last year, the shooting on the whole was excellent. Mr. B. S. Chapman won the gold medal with the remarkable score of 332 (95 ½ %). Mr. E. W. Godfrey was second with 876 points and Mr. J. H. Farquharson third with 875 points.

Great credit is due the ladies who entered this difficult competition. The competition was 10 shots at 10 yards, 10 shots at 15 yards, 10 shots at 20 yards and 10 shots at 25 yards; off-hand; no body or artificial rest allowed. Time limit, one hour; club's standard targets with 4 inch outer bulls-eye, which counts 9 and 2 inch inner bulls-eye, which counts 10 points: H. P. 8, 400. The revolvers used were Colt's 38 cal., Officer's Model and Smith and Wesson 38 cal. special. The ammunition used was Remington Arms, Union Metallic Cartridge Co. 38 cal. special.

The 6 highest scores in 1916 were 374, 372, 365, 345, 342, 261. Scores below 85% are not given.

Following are the scores:—

	10 yds.	15 yds.	20 yds.	25 yds.	Total
B. S. Chapman	95	95	98	91	382
E. W. Godfrey	96	95	92	91	376
J. H. Farquharson	97	96	92	91	376
R. E. Neale	100	95	93	86	374
C. R. Clarke	94	95	93	92	374
W. R. Sutherland	99	95	88	89	371
H. D. Stewart	99	96	89	87	371
E. Eagle	97	93	91	87	368
Mrs. K. D. Stewart	97	90	93	84	364
Mrs. A. Sykes	97	90	83	85	355
Miss L. Negus	97	88	92	83	360
Mrs. A. R. Fuller-ton	96	92	88	80	358
W. Brand	95	93	88	81	357
Mrs. G. H. Wright	98	88	87	81	354
A. V. White	97	91	87	82	351
Miss H. McNeill	97	94	85	73	349
Mrs. H. C. Gulland	97	94	85	71	347
H. H. Read	96	91	84	75	346
C. H. Rutherford	94	93	84	77	344
E. K. Howe	91	91	85	76	342
L. K. Wilson	96	81	85	72	334
Miss D. Unvin	90	82	78	80	331

Lawn Tennis

The draw for the Ladies' Doubles Championship, the first round of which must be played by June 6, is as follows:—

Mrs. R. Brown and Mrs. J. L. Beaumont v. Mrs. P. Enlicknap and Miss H. D. Petersen.

Mrs. C. H. Shaw and Mrs. N. W. Hickling v. Mrs. E. A. Prince and Mrs. G. Rowland.

Miss C. E. Heck and Miss A. A. Wilson v. Mrs. P. Peebles and Mrs. E. B. Heaton-Smith.

Mrs. R. C. Farbridge and Mrs. C. Bruuns v. Mrs. E. R. Hooper and Mrs. F. A. Fairchild.

Overseas Club

Royal Flying Corps Hospital Fund

The following donations to the above fund have been received:

C. B.	$ 20.00
C. Rayner	50.00
British and Portuguese Members of The Eastern Extension Australasia and China Telegraph Co.	95.00
Anonymous	10.00
Miss J. Kliene	2.00
From Overseas Club and Members F. L. Banham	25.00
E. M. Ezra	5.00
Jas. D. Campbell	5.00
Miss A. McEwan	10.00
Miss A. D. Simon	10.00
E. S. Little	14.00
H. T. Hancock	5.00
A. F. C.	5.00
Empire Day Sales and Service Collections per Mrs. Campbell Henderson, Mrs. G. B. Stormes, Mrs. R. F. Hamilton, Mrs. Gordon T. How, Mrs. Michael Donohoe, Mrs. Charles Kliene, Misses Irene Stephens, Bessie Whitgob, Jessie Kliene, Doris Somme, Lena Isaacs, Eva Bourke, R. A. Allen, Ella Berthe, Flora Lee, Lily Shepherd	1,139.15
From Patriotic League of Britons Overseas Mrs. K. D. Stewart	100.00
British Members of the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai - Hangchow - Ningpo Railways	450.00
Balance in hand	$7,945.15
Already acknowledged	5,917.56
	$7,863.01
Already acknowledged	6,460.00
Balance in hand	650.00
Already acknowledged	625
Balance in hand	625

Royal Flying Corps Hospital Fund
A. H. Hallam,
Hon. Treasurer.

FIELD DAY AT SOOCHOW

A large gathering of interested spectators attended the Field Day exercises of the Laura Haygood Normal School for Young Ladies at Soochow, last Wednesday. There was a continuous program of games and drills from 2.30 p.m. until 6, including tennis, basket, ball and volley ball contests and Indian Club and dumb bell exercises. The physical training department of the school is in charge of Miss Olive.

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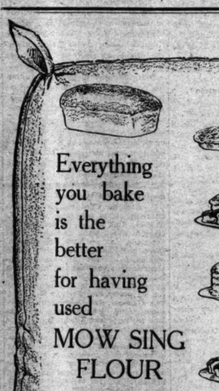

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DOLLAR: On June 1st, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Harold Dollar, a daughter.

14041

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JUNE 2, 1917

A Peace Conference?

A GENERAL survey of last night's news covering the complex situation in China indicates that the stage has been set for a peace conference. And this means that all factions have come to the conclusion that it would be the worst sort of bad management to allow things to drift on into a state of open civil war. Where would be the gain for China, threatened as she is by one of the most awful famines in her history?

To go back a bit: A certain intolerable deadlock had been created in Peking. Premier Tuan Chi-jui and the Tuchuns whom he had summoned to the capital were on one side. The President and Parliament were on the other side. The President made his stand on Parliament and the Constitution. The Tuchuns picked flaws in Parliament and in the Constitution. President Li told the Tuchuns to go back to their provinces and look after their own affairs. They went, but they went with rebellion in their hearts. Knowing this, the President removed Premier Tuan—the Premier whom the Tuchuns were supporting. It was a direct challenge.

Reacting to this, the Tuchuns made a military demonstration, with Chang Hsun and Feng Kuo-chang standing by as umpires. The next move was up to the President and Parliament. And this, according to many telegrams, is to consist of the dissolution of Parliament and the resignation of the President. In other words, the situation having become impossible, the President sent the Tuchuns packing off, dismissed the Premier and now is to dissolve Parliament and remove himself. That would seem to leave the arena cleared. All the official actors in the recent spectacle would be out of the way.

Meantime much enlightening argument has taken place. A peace conference would appear to be the thing. The factions in Ireland are about to hold one, with some prospects of success. Why not the factions in China? Certainly a peace conference at this time is better than a rebellion.

China, as we have said, is face to face with one of the worst famines in her history. It is certain already that millions are going to suffer the horrors of acute deprivation, if not actual starvation. In former periods of famine out here, Europe and America were able to supply large quantities of food to relieve the distress. But that was before Germany made her war on democracy and civilisation. Europe and America are not now able to succor the starving in this far land. Their utmost efforts will be required to keep their own populations fed.

The Presidential Mandate to which we give prominence this morning was issued Thursday night. It is a straight out defiance of the Tuchuns but, as you read it, it is 36 hours old. Since it was issued the President has had time to receive the replies to it from the Tuchuns. According to despatches from our own correspondent, Chang Hsun has arrived in Peking to act as mediator. And even Premier Li Ching-hsi, elected as Premier by Parliament, within a week is now declaring that he will not accept office unless the body that elected him is dissolved.

Another element of compromise is introduced by the intimation that Parliament may resign. Some leading members already have done so. It will be evident to all that this action would avert the possibility of the President being forced to sacrifice a principle in order to avoid the ruin of his country. In any event, the facts of the situation and ordinary common sense are strongly against civil war in China at this time. And if this ruinous eventuality can be side-tracked even for a year by a peace conference, it should be held.

And even if the President does resign, it should be held in mind that resignations in China are somewhat different from those elsewhere. President Li in any case may be expected to hold down his job until after the peace conference.

CHIN-CHIN

The World's Shortest Poem.

We
Be.

Anon.

Oh
No

A.B.

Mental and Physical Indigestion

Chin-Chin—Rush! Tonight at the Kalee—"Leg of Lamba."

We tried out some of our Mandarin in yesterday's last line. And isn't it a lovely bit of characteristically Chinese irony that it should be Chinese printers and proofreaders who mess it up?

Announcement

This is June and next is July and then is the Fourth of July. Chin-Chin will celebrate with the best bit of verse appropriate to the day and the sentiment. And who is going to do it? You. And for the best one submitted we shall give a prize appropriate to the day and the sentiment. Come early and avoid the rush. We'll start printing any old time. Not over eight lines.

Tommy—Why Not Sammy?

Sir: I see somebody has at last thought of an appropriate name for the American soldier. We have Uncle Sam, and it is natural that his nephews should be called Sammy.

W. H. D.

John Kendrick Bangs on war and pacifists:

In such an organisation I might find a congenial place, and I am sure that in any emergency my vocabulary, like Mr. Bryan's, is at the service of my country. I will fight to the last word, and for it if necessary.

We know the original Chinese puzzle—trying to figure out which province is on which side and which general is where. Up to date the score for Chekiang for instance, is: with the rebels, five telegrams; against, three.

"My Lady"

My Lady works upon a farm,
She plows, she reaps, she sows,
But as of old, she now and then,
Dabs powder on her nose.

H. K. S.

Some Doc!

Among the pleasant visitors here this week attending court was Dr. L. H. Hill, one of North Carolina's finest musicians and the best old fashioned violinist in the State. If there is anybody living who has the power "in notes of many a winding bout of linked sweetness long drawn out," of "untwisting the chains that tie the hidden soul of harmony," it is Dr. Hill.—*Danbury, Conn, Reporter.*

"For there is no doubt that if the Kuomintang had left the Tuchuns alone they would have left Parliament alone," observes the North China. Yes, and if the Allies had just left the Kaiser alone, Germany could have conquered Europe without all this slaughter and hardship and the price of cucumbers, as Reuter's so efficiently wires.

H. M.

A Missouri Mystery

Some plastering fell from the ceiling of the linen room at the Glenn House Tuesday and Harland Ray secured a ladder and climbed up to knock down the loose plaster remaining. He discovered a rat's nest and in it were three ladies' silk stockings, two Larkin perfume bottles and a flatiron, besides numerous other things not mentioned in this inventory. How the rats got the iron there remains a mystery. *Paris (Mo.) Mercury.*

Intelligent Curiosity

Joss: It's something the Shanghai bookstores never show about American contemporary literature. Try sometime to get a book later than Mark Twain and find out for yourself. And when they do discover the continent, what is it they get? *George Barr McCutcheon.*

Intelligent curiosity doesn't pay. I have been following three "bound-to-win" ponies through four meetings and they didn't come up. At Kiangwan, last Saturday, I asked the owners and jockeys of all three whether there really was anything in the brutes and all the six said the three were sure winners for Monday. I waited and they all came out together for the last race! I couldn't see a triple dead heat, so I backed the two at the longest price and Essex Chief, which I left alone, walked in. Bust intelligent curiosity!

SCOT.

Remember, tomorrow on the pink.

The Joss Man

China's New Constitution ◎ An Epochal Document

By M. T. Z. Tyau, LL.D. (London)
Lecturer on International Law, Tsing Hua College, Peking; and Author of "The Legal Obligations arising out of Treaty Relations between China and Other States" (in the press)

THE task of Constitution building in Peking has reached a stage when the epochal document may fairly be treated in a comprehensive manner. The second reading of the draft constitution is almost completed, save a few articles which are being re-discussed. As a matter of fact the work bade well to have been finished by now, had not the regrettable coercion of Parliament, on May 10, concerning the question of a declaration of war against Germany, obtruded to impede its progress. In anticipation, however, of the early completion of this *magnum opus*, the President with the advice and consent of Parliament, has already issued a mandate declaring a national holiday of three days to celebrate the promulgation of the new Constitution. And soon the country will acclaim: "The Provisional Constitution is dead. Long live the new Constitution!"

To do justice to the subject, we propose to discuss it under the following main headings:—1. History of Constitutional Development. 2. Analysis of the New Constitution. 3. Estimate of the New Constitution.

I. History of Constitutional Development.

At this date it may seem needless to trace the history of such development. But if we are to understand the present, the past can in no wise be neglected; for it is only by the aid of some sort of retrospect that we may appreciate the inner workings of the spirit which is today moving through the whole length and breadth of this land.

In such an inquiry it is usual to point to the time when the late dynasty first evinced any willingness to grant popular government to the Chinese as the beginnings of this constitutional development. For our purpose, however, we need to cast our eyes a long way further back than the mere trifle of two decades. We need to go to the dawn of Chinese history, if we are to ascertain the true origin of Chinese constitutional seedlings.

The ideas of a modern body politic, the conceptions of a well-ordered government, cannot be reared on barren soil. They require earth, air, sunshine and plenty of nutrition. They are not easy to assimilate and, without some sort of foundation, it is not easy to engraft them to the tree of Chinese political philosophy. The truth is that the foundation is there, when the modern ideas of government and administration are sought to be so engrafted. This foundation is China's unwritten constitution, or the science of government erected on the political philosophy of the Confucian Classics.

China's Unwritten Constitution

When we speak of constitutions, we may refer to either a written or an unwritten constitution. That which Parliament is now heroically completing is a written constitution, like all other charters in the world, with the notable exception of the British constitution which is unwritten.

An unwritten constitution, however, has always existed in China ever since the days when Europe was yet uncivilized. Prior to the establishment of the Republic, the form of government was nominally an absolute monarchy. Now this absolutism is "an irresponsible autocracy; its institutions are autocratic in form, but democratic in operation" (Prof. H. A. Giles, The Civilisation of China, 41). Accordingly, the change from autocracy to democracy was not so violent as one would imagine from the surface of things.

To elevate the Confucian Classics into an unwritten constitution may sound unconvincing, but after all the resemblance is not far to seek. The important thing is what is meant by a constitution. Produce a definition at once acceptable and workable, and all will be agreed. As a Chinese constitutional lawyer puts it:—"China has no constitution, if by a constitution one means a written instrument ordained and established by the people of the United States of America, or one granted nominally by a king as that of Prussia; but if by constitution one means a body of customs, traditions, precedents, as that of England, China has one. As the Christians cherish the Scriptures; the English, Magna Charta; and the Americans, the Constitution; so the Chinese cherish the Confucian classics" (Dr. Hawkling L. Yen, A Survey of Constitutional Development in China, 13).

This love for the classics springs from something more than mere eclectic literary taste. It is an affection born of gratitude and endearment, as such literature has long played the part of the palladium to the people's liberties. In the classics are recorded the deeds and words of illustrious rulers, the teachings and doctrines of the sages and philosophers. To the different succeeding rulers these contain mandatory directions or precedents to be followed and observed. And to the people they constitute a beacon-light of their heritage and birthright.

The directions to govern a country in the interests of the people are positive, and the injunctions not to arrogate the state to one's own patrimony are negative. One and all they are meant to be scrupulously obeyed, and the emperor can break, violate, or disregard neither the one nor the other. He is, of course, not bound at law to conform to them, but if he disobeys them, he does so at his peril.

What the English publicist, Bagehot, denotes as the "cake of customs" is nowhere better illustrated than in China. Here, customs and traditions are everything, and judged by the standard held forth by the rulers and sages of the classics, an emperor must needs bow before the unyielding rigidity of the political habits of the people and the stern authority of their venerable customs. As is summed up by the Chinese author we have already quoted, "on the one hand they (the classics) have curbed the multitude in their radical tendencies and, on the other, acted as bulwarks for the people against unwarranted governmental encroachments" (*Ibid.*).

Accordingly, it is laid down in the Book of History as follows:—"The former emperors and ancient sages teach that the common people may be associated with, but cannot be looked down upon; that the people is the root or the foundation of the country; and that if the foundation is firm, the country is peaceful and happy." Therefore, the people, and not the ruler, is the factor that counts in the country. "Heaven gives birth to millions of people, and for them it erects the king and teacher." It is for the ruler to minister unto the welfare of his people, and not for the latter to gratify his whims and pleasures. The appointment of the ruler is divine, and his mission is to promote the well-being of his subjects. The latter's interests are to be looked after and their wishes are to be heeded. *Vox populi, vox dei.* If he proves unworthy of the great trust, he is unfit to rule and must make way for a more capable person. Or, as the Book of Odes has it:—

"Heaven in giving birth to a multitude of men,
Endows them with faculties each having its specified law;
And the people, in exercising the faculty endowed,
Love admirable virtues."

Here we have in embryo the fundamentals of a limited monarchy, although the details remain to be worked out. From a limited monarchy to a republic is not a far cry, and therefore the change from autocracy to democracy requires no violent wrenching from old traditions. Grounded on such political conceptions, the people are ripe for a greater measure of liberalism than is vouchsafed in a limited monarchy. To admit the people as the co-equal of the ruler is but a preliminary to the recognition that the people, and not the ruler, is the sovereign of the country. So when the new ideas of government and administration based on a written constitution came along, they fell on good, fertile ground and brought forth fruit, some a hundredfold, some sixtyfold, and some thirtyfold.

Beginnings of a Written Constitution

So much for China's unwritten constitution. It is admirable, so far as it goes. But it has its defects, the chief of which being its lack of legal sanctions. As we have already seen, there is no law, but only public opinion, to compel an emperor to observe the precedents and injunctions established by his illustrious predecessors. If he is unprincipled, he can do pretty much what he likes. The Chinese are essentially law-abiding and long-suffering and as long as the breaking-point is not overstepped, the elasticity of their patience is capable of considerable extension. Thus it happens that they are willing to submit to a government which is inefficient but does not impose too heavy burdens upon them, and which though effete, yet manages to make life not too intolerable.

Vox populi, vox dei

This may sound like a paradox, but like all paradoxes, it is not without its truths. For given a decent margin of comfort sufficient to make life worth living, the masses in China are capable of much patience. So long as they are not driven to the desperation of self-defence, they will put up with many things which to the Western mind may be unbearable. We are, however, referring to political and social conditions in this country, not in Europe or America. But make their lives so intolerable that they must needs either perish by their own hands or be slowly starved to death, and the divine mandate will be invoked for their protection. The ruler has abused his mission and so he must be made to amend his conduct, or else retire in favor of a more worthy successor. Once more it is a case of *vox populi, vox dei.*

Popular Agitation

The circumstances which give rise to this eventuality will, of course, depend upon the conditions prevailing at the time, or the particular needs of the country. And Chinese history records many instances of revolutions, assassinations and abdications. Now, coming to our own time, the circumstances which demand such overhauling are manifest. Under the administration of the last alien dynasty the conditions of the country slowly went from bad to worse. Once upon a time the name of China compelled fear and respect; but under the later Manchus, it became the synonym for impotence and inefficiency. Since the "Opium War" of 1840, the territory of China was no longer one compact, homogeneous whole, and wherever one turned one saw nothing but disappointment and humiliation.

Then the Goliath of Asia was laid low by David in the guise of Japan, and then the air was rife with rumors of the imminent partition of China. The storm of popular feeling was gathering, and in deference to it, Emperor Kuang Hsu introduced his famous reform measures. But his confidence was misplaced, and the *coup d'etat* of 1898 occurred. The Boxer uprising broke out, and then swift retribution from the foreign powers followed. The Empress Dowager fled to Sianfu in Shensi, and there had time to think the matters out. With the signature of the International Protocol of September 7, 1901, the Imperial court returned to the capital in a more sober frame of mind. Thenceforth the people were convinced, once and for all, that if this great heritage of theirs was not to be frittered away, they must demand their birthright. The Manchus had proved themselves inefficient, and therefore the people themselves must participate in the government of the country. The popular clamor increased, and it needed only a Russo-Japanese war to give it a lever. The Manchus scented danger and so began to cave in. Thus began the beginnings of a written constitution.

Promise of a Constitution

As far as the actual documents are concerned, the first edict which refers at all to a constitutional form of government is that of September 1, 1906. But it seems fair to refer also to the earlier edict of 1901, issued when the Empress Dowager was in retirement in Sianfu. This decree created a new Bureau for Governmental Affairs, or *Cheng Wu Ch'u*, the duty of which was to memorialise the throne concerning what ought to be done and what to be left undone. And in the light of subsequent events, it seems reasonable to infer that the hand of this bureau was behind most of the later edicts dealing with matters legal, political, and educational. Unfortunately, however, the conversion of the Manchus was not complete, and many of the schemes existed merely on paper. Nevertheless, it is interesting today to note the gradual change that was coming over the minds of the rear guard of a tottering dynasty in those good old days.

Edict of 1906

With the triumph of Japan in her struggle against Russia, events moved rapidly. In deference to the popular clamor for the right of representation in the administration of the country, the government sent out in December, 1905, a commission of five high officials, headed by Duke Tsai Tse, to Japan, Europe and America to study the constitutional systems of the West. Upon their return, the commissioners reported favorably on their investigations and urged the grant of a constitution and parliamentary representation at an early date. The edict of September 1, 1906, was the response. In it the throne ordered a reform of the official system, a revision of the laws and finances, the reorganisation of the army, and the adoption of a constitutional government in the near future, the supreme control, however, remaining vested in the throne. The material part of this memorable state paper is as follows:—

"Now, these (Constitution Investigation) ministers have returned, and in their report all submitted their opinion . . . that the weakness and inefficiency of our country is due to the lack of close touch between the government and the people, and the entire separation of those who are in office and those who are not. The officials do not know how to protect the people, and the people how to defend the country. That other countries are wealthy and strong is primarily due to the adoption of a constitution, by which all the people are united in one body and in constant communication, sane and sound opinions are extensively sought after and adopted, powers are well divided and well defined, and financial matters and legislation are discussed and decided upon by the people. Moreover, other countries look to one another for improvement, and amend their constitutions and change their laws to their highest efficiency. So it is not a mere accident that their governments are in such a good working order and their peoples enjoy so great happiness.

In view of the situation our country is in, there is no other way to power and prosperity than, after having carefully and minutely examined the constitutions of other countries, to adopt one by selecting portions of all, if necessary, best suited to us, whereby all civil affairs are open to the public, but the controlling powers remain with the Throne, so that a permanent and proper foundation may be laid for our country. But at present no definite plan has been decided upon and the people are not educated enough for a constitution; if we adopt one hastily and regardless of the circumstances, it will be nothing more than a paper constitution. Then how can we stand before the people and ask them to repose confidence in us?"

Edicts of 1907

Accordingly, a decree of September 20, 1907, commanded the establishment of a State Council or *Tzu Cheng Yuan*, presided over conjointly by a Manchu, Prince Pu Lun, who attended the St. Louis Exposition, in 1904, as China's representative, and a Chinese, Grand Secretary Sun Chia-nai. This is a single chamber legislature "to serve as the foundation of a Parliament, inasmuch as the latter cannot be established at present." And in the following month an edict of October 19, 1907, created Provincial Assemblies in all the provincial capitals. These are "to ascertain the public opinion, so that the people in the provinces may have the opportunity of pointing out and stating the benefits and evils existing in their particular provinces, and also of planning the local peace, and being trained for service in the States Council in the Capital." If the measures are important, the sanction, however, of the throne must first be obtained.

Nine Years' Preparation Program

The country felt itself ripe for a constitution, and so regarded the mere promise of that charter as tantalisingly indefinite and intangible. The demand being insistent, an edict of August 27, 1908, promised the grant of a constitution after nine years, namely in 1917, and meanwhile the work of preparation for that step must be studiously carried out. The program of preparation is spread out as follows:—

"First Year: opening of local self-government councils, enactment of self-government regulations, adjustment of finances and taking of a census;

"Second Year: putting in force of local self-government electoral law, announcement of regulations for parliamentary representation, investigation of provincial revenues, organisation of courts of justice;

"Third Year: convocation of parliamentary representation councils, promulgation of new criminal law, experimental government budget, regulations for official recommendations and fees;

"Fourth Year: promulgation of local court laws;

"Fifth Year: issue of new regulations for taxation and announcement of new government organisations;

"Sixth Year: commencement of administrative justice, adoption of budget;

"Seventh Year: preparation of accounts of government revenues and expenditure;

"Eighth Year: fixing of Imperial Household expenditure, establishment of judical bureau, and issue of statistics;

"Ninth Year: announcement of the Imperial Constitution and the Imperial Household law, promulgation of election law."

The Provincial Assemblies were opened on October 14, 1909, and the State Council on October 3, 1910. The latter, being designed as the foundation of the future Parliament, is a national assembly so far as its organisation is concerned. It is a single chamber, but yet contains the elements of two chambers: (1) the representatives of certain privileged classes as the basis of the future Upper House; and (2) the representatives from the Provincial Assemblies as the basis of the future Lower House.

Opening of Parliament Antedated

To the progressives of the country a period of nine years was too long to wait. So petitions and delegations followed one another in close succession, demanding an earlier convocation of Parliament. In response the decree of November 4, 1910, consented to antedate the opening of Parliament by four years, namely in 1913. The rescript is worded as follows:—"Now, seeing the sincere prayer of the popular delegation and the desire for speedy progress on the part of almost half of the officials, metropolitan as well as provincial, and the growing interest and unanimous opinion of the people, we are warranted in holding that the people are ready to assume the responsibilities under a constitutional government. Therefore, we comply with their wish to give respect to public opinion. But before the opening of a Parliament, preliminary measures are important and numerous, and cannot be accomplished in less than one or two years. So it is hereby commanded that . . . . the official system shall be reformed, published and tentatively applied at an earlier date as a preliminary step to the organisation of a Cabinet; and that . . . a Constitution, along with regulations governing Parliament, the election of the members of the Upper and Lower Houses, and other regulations pertaining to the Constitution, shall be drawn up and published before the opening of Parliament."

(To be continued)

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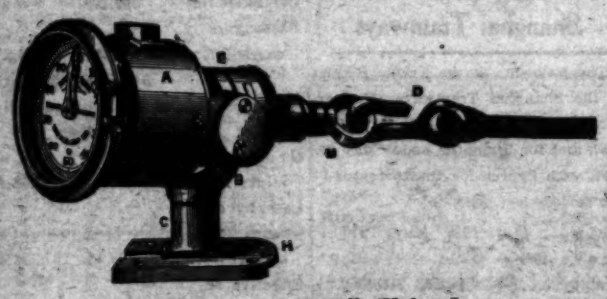

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All Over The World

It is a dangerous thing embarking on a commentary of world affairs unless, as Mark Twain said of the prophets, you know. Here, for instance, is a certain paper in California explaining affably how Mr. Lloyd George dominates the British Empire, and how Lord Northcliffe dominates Mr. Lloyd George. This is how the worthy journalist works it out. "The realm of George V is practically administered from the Fleet Street offices of the various newspapers controlled by Lord Northcliffe." En passant, "realm of George V" "is good, very good, very excellent good," as Touchstone says; but what about those Fleet Street offices? The Times used to be printed in Printing House Square, and the Daily Mail and Evening News in Tallis Street. Surely the world commentator, like Jove, must be nodding.

Then, about that matter of the editorship. "The editor of the London Times and Daily Mail," says the commentator, "pulls the strings" of the Government. Again, en passant, why London Times and not London Daily Mail. But who is this editor? He used to be two separate editors, each of whom presided over a paper published in a separate office, each a considerable distance from the other. They had different names, too, those editors. But, then, as Mr. Bernard Shaw says, "You never can tell." Only—if the facts are, like the times, so out of joint, it is possible, just possible mind you, that the deductions may be a trifle awry.

Here is a conundrum. Why is an aeroplane attack on an open town, like Freiburg, in Germany, in reprisal for the illegitimate sinking of hospital ships a "nefarious" proceeding, and innumerable airship attacks over open towns in England, for no reason at all, legitimate acts of war?

New Englanders must be careful lest they fall into a habit which, before the present war is ended, will place Cape Cod and some other prominent points along their coast in a class with Mole Saint Nicholas. Whenever news from other quarters was slack, during the Spanish war, the newspapers and the public could always look forward to the coming, and the appearance, of a despatch announcing that heavy firing had been heard off that famous Haitian peninsula. Hearing things grows on people, a good deal like seeing things, if they turn their uncurbed imagination loose.

To be frank about it, the people of the United States are waiting for an enlistment scheme that will subject to service everybody fit and otherwise qualified. They do not want a system that will permit of exemptions on account of wealth and influence. And they want no return of the disgraceful and abominable substitute system. In other words, they want what the President seems to be determined they shall have in this particular. And, of course, they are going to get it.

There would be rich material for the pen of a Sir W. S. Gilbert in a story issuing from Kansas, had he come across the data in the days when he was filling the English-speaking world with laughter over his absurdities. It seems that three boys of high-school age, known as the Meyers brothers, have been reared in the town of Great Bend. They are triplets, and they look so much alike that they cannot be distinguished apart, when they do not choose to reveal their individual identity. One of them has recently enlisted, and joined his regiment. Neither he, nor either of the other two, however, will tell which one has turned to military activities, so that the complications at home, especially with regard to three interested young ladies, constitute a social tangle which fiction, in its wildest flights, would hesitate to create.

A great pageant, to tell the history and present a vivid picture of the attractions of the sand dunes on the Indiana shore of Lake Michigan, is planned for the end of May and the first of June. More than one thousand persons, it is said, are to be in the cast. The enterprise is intended to promote the scheme for making the dunes district a national park. Either this must be done, or the dunes will soon be swept away by the advancing march of industry, that has already spread smoke and cinders over the country round about.

Although some time will pass before the United States will be in a position to send men to follow the financial aid which has been extended to the Allies, the prospects for mobilising the Nation's resources for war are at least more promising than at the outbreak of the war with Spain, in 1898, when the United States Government actually took over ferry boats for use as transports, and re-commissioned the hopelessly obsolete monitors of the time of the Civil War.

Questions And Answers

What is the fastest time made by an automobile boat or a hydroplane?

E. C. P.

The Minneapolis Power Boat Association's Miss Minneapolis won the Lake George cup race, the emblematic one mile national championship, at Detroit, Mich., on September 6, 1916, making a mile with the current in 1 minute 4.6 seconds.

There were six one mile trials. Miss Minneapolis's average speed was 53.11 nautical or 61.08 statute miles an hour. Her first mile was the fastest, the time of which is given above.

What is the fastest time made by any railroad?

E. C. P.

In March, 1901, a train of the Plant system ran from Fleming to Jacksonville, five miles, in two and a half minutes, or at the rate of 120 miles an hour.

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STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$660.
Chartered	£59 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Cathay, ordy	Tls. 6.30 B.
Cathay, pref	Tls. 5.15.
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 350.
North China	Tls. 140
Union of Canton	$860 x.d.
Yangtsze	$220.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$146 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 325 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	
Indo-China Def.	Tls. 123.
"Shell"	109s. N.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 16.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 46½.
Kochien	Tls. 28 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9½ B.
Oriental Cons.	27/6.
Philpine	Tls. 0.80.
Raub	$2.65 N.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$121½.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 94.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 12 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 72 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 79 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo French Land	Tls. 83½ B.
China Land	Tls. 50.
Shanghai Land	Tls. 80
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3.
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$8½ B
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 5s.
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 5s.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 152½.
E-wo Pref.	Tls. 100 B.
International	Tls. 89.
International Pref.	Tls. 68.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 70.
Oriental	Tls. 34
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 122 B.
Kung Yik	Tls. 14.65.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 5¾.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 101.
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23.
China Sugar	$107 N.
Green Island	Tls. 7.80 Sa.
Langkats	Tls. 17 B.
Major Bros.	
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 140 S.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$16½ B.
Llewellyn	
Lane, Crawford	$92 B.
Moutrie	$35.
Watson	$6¾ B.
Weeks	$15½ x.d. B.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 11½.
Amherst	Tls. 1.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 10¼ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 5.40 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 38 S.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 1.20
Bukit Teh Alang	Tls. 4.30.
Bute	Tls. 1.20.
Chemor United	Tls. 1¼ B.
Chempedak	Tls. 11½ B.
Cheng	3 S.
Consolidated	Tls. 3 B.
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Gula Kalumpong	Tls 7.90 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 22 S.
Kamuntiag	Tls. 6.65 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.90.
Kapayang	Tls. 27 B.
Karan	Tls. 13½.
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 9½ S.
Kroeweek Java	Tls. 18½ B.
Padang	Tls. 14¾.
Pangkalan Durian	Tls. 10.55 B.
Permata	Tls. 3.85
Repah	Tls. 1.20.
Samagagus	Tls. 1 B.
Seekee	Tls. 7¾.
Semambu	Tls. 1½ B.
Senawang	Tls. 14¾ B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.95.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7 B.
S'hai Malay-pref	Tls. 12½ B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1.80.
Sungala	Tls. 1.65 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 11½.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 7.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.90 B.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.85.
Taiping	Tls. 2 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.15 B.
Tebong	Tls. 23 B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2½.
Ziangbe	Tls. 6 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10 Sa.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2.
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 71¼ B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30.
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30.
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 84½ S.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 250 B.

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales. B., Buyers.

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Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, June 1, 1917.

Money and Bullion

	Tls.
Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate G.$1.00 @ 86=Tls. 1.16 @ 73.1=Mex.	$1.59
Mex. Dollars. Market rate	72.8
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch	—
Bar Silver	—
Copper Cash	1800
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 3/6½=Tls.	5.64
Exch. @ 73.1=Mex. $	7.72
Peking Bar	292.5
Native Interest	.20

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	38d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market rate of discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%

Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.

Ex., Paris on London	Fr. 27.17
E., N. Y. on London T.T.	$476⅞
Consols	£ —

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	3-6⅝
London	Demand	3-6½
India	(nominal) T.T.	262½
Paris	T.T.	434
Paris	Demand	434½
New York	T.T.	84⅝
New York	Demand	84⅞
Hongkong	T.T.	67⅝
Japan	T.T.	60⅝
Batavia	T.T.	204⅝

Bank's Buying Rates

London	4 m-s. Cdts.	3-3⅞
London	4 m-s. Docy.	3-3⅞
London	6 m-s. Cdts.	3-3½
London	6 m-s. Docy.	3-3½
Paris	4 m-s.	499½
New York	4 m-s.	87⅞

The following are the Customs Rates of Exchange to the end of May:—

£1=Hk. Tls.	5.03
Hk. Tls. 1=Francs	5.40
" " 1=Marks	4.41 (nom.)
Gold $ 1=Hk. Tls.	1.06
Hk. Tls. 1=Yen	1.35
" " 1=Rupees	2.88
" " 1=Roubles	3.29
" " 1=Mex. $	1.50

Stock Exchange Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, June 1, 1917.

Official

Dominions Tls. 11.00
Gulas "L" Tls. 8.10
Tebongs Tls. 23.00 CD.
Trams "B" Tls. 71.50

Direct Business Reported

Chengs Tls. 2.95
Chengs Tls. 3.00

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

BUSINESS DONE

Shanghai, June 1, 1917.

Direct

Karans Tls. 13.60 cash
Langkats Tls. 17.00 cash

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, May 30.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex Crepe:
Spot: 3s. 0d. paid.
July to December: 3s. 0⅛d. paid.
Tendency of Market: Very dull.
Previous Quotation, London, May 29:—
Spot: 3s. 0⅛d. sellers.
July to December: 3s. 0⅛d. sellers.
Tendency of Market: Idle.

Messrs. Hugo and Reiss and Co., have received the following telegram from Messrs. Kimmel and Co., London, dated the 30th ultimo:—

Spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet .... 3s. 0d.
Spot price standard quality First Crepe ..... 3s. 0d.
Market quiet tendency downwards, free on board, up to end of year ..... 2s. 6⅛d.

WILL ADD MILLION TONS TO SHIPPING

American Yards On Pacific Coast Have Contracts For 145 New Vessels

In round numbers, vessels under construction and contract to build at the various yards along the Pacific coast of the United States will add nearly 1,000,000 tons to the commercial tonnage of the world, says the Portland (Ore.) Telegram. The Telegram continues:

The fleet consists of 67 steel steamers, each representing more than 8,000 tons burden, and having a total value of approximately $70,000,000, and 78 wooden vessels, 2,500 tons on an average, worth fully $19,500,000.

Steel and wooden, the 145 ships, costing about $90,000,000 in the aggregate, represent just that much new business, which has been obtained by Oregon, California and Washington in the last year. Eighteen months ago there scarcely was a shipyard on the Coast which was engaged in turning out new tonnage. For the most part the few plants were utilised for handling ordinary ship-repair jobs.

Industry a Year Old

Within the last few months shipyards have sprung up as though by magic. Practically all of those at Portland and on the Columbia river, except the one at St. Helens, have been established during the last year. With the exception of one or two plants, the same condition existed at the other big ports on the Coast.

An army in excess of 20,000 men has steady employ at the shipyards. Including those who work in the forests and logging camps, procuring material out of which to build wooden vessels, the army is swollen to more than 30,000 workmen.

In a day their earnings amount to in the neighborhood of $120,000; in a week to $720,000, and in a year to the stupendous sum of $37,440,000!

Shipbuilding in Infancy

But big and powerful as the shipbuilding industry on this side of the continent has grown, it is only a marker to what it promises to attain. Yards still are being established with the regularity and frequency followed in the winding of eight-day clocks. In the war zones ships are being destroyed and sunk more rapidly than they are being built elsewhere in the world.

Big business interests on both coasts are becoming more impressed with this fact each week. If the United States is to continue to maintain commerce with foreign nations they realise that every shipyard in the country will have to increase its output most materially. Formerly dependence was placed upon foreign bottoms for moving the surplus crops and products from America to the markets of the world, but now it has been found that this chore will have to be performed largely by vessels hailing from neutral countries.

INDIAN COUNCIL BILLS

London, May 30.—Tenders for Indian Council Bills and Deferred Transfers were:—

Tenders for Bills and Deferred Transfers:.
Highest price: 1s. 4 5-32d.
Tenders at: 1s. 4 5-32d.
Receive: 64%.
Tenders for Transfers:
Highest price: 1s. 4⅛d.
Tenders at: 1s. 4⅛d.
Receive: 64%.
Total amount sold during the week, Rs. 12.000.000.
Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 12.000.000.

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STEADY INCREASE IN CHINA EXPORTS

Gain of Almost 3,000,000 Over Last Year Recorded In A Week

In Japan's trade with China a steady increase has been maintained. The trade in cotton yarns and cloth, which is the backbone of the Chino-Japanese commerce, is on the decline, owing to the remarkable boom which speculators maintain in Osaka on the strength of the growing scarcity of visible stocks. Other departments, however, are fairly active. According to the official returns, the total of exports from Japan during the opening ten days is 7,719,000 yen against 4,923,000 yen for the same period last year, an increase of slightly less than 3,000,000 yen. In comparison with the preceding ten days there is an increase of 121,000 yen.

This slight increase over the preceding period is due to Manchuria's active purchase as seen in the following:

	This year's figures.	Last year's figures.
	(in 1,000 yen)	
Manchuria	1,355	518
North China	2,566	2,103
Central China	3,780	2,259
South China	18	43

Imports from China reached 3,090,000 yen, as against 2,202,000 yen for the same time last year, thus an increase of roughly 1,000,000 yen. In comparison with the preceding ten days there is an increase of 967,000 yen. This came mostly from the increased import of raw materials from Manchuria, Central China, and North China.

The following is a summary of the import trade:

	This year's figures.	Last year's figures.
	(in 1,000 yen)	
Manchuria	630	384
North China	768	869
Central China	1,537	792
South China	159	167

BRITAIN PLACES BIG SHIP ORDER IN JAPAN

Kawasaki Dockyard To Build Fourteen Steamers Worth 50,000,000 Yen

A big order has just been received by the Kawasaki Dockyard Company of Kobe from Great Britain. The total value of the ships ordered amounts to more than 50,000,000 yen.

Mr. Yoshitaro Kawasaki, vice-president of the company, says in a press interview that Great Britain has concentrated her activities in the manufacture of munitions, ordnance, and warships. Even the smallest of her dockyards are now engaged in turning out some sort of war boats. Merchantmen are short but Great Britain at present cannot afford to spend her energy on that sort of business. Thus Great Britain has now placed this order with a foreign yard.

The present order from Great Britain consists of 14 freighters, the tonnage of which ranges between 9,000 tons and 12,000 tons. The total value of those ships will be about 50,000,000 yen. The British buyer will pay 40,000,000 yen in cash but 10,000,000 yen in either British or Japanese securities, while his yard will deliver those ships one after another on their completion.

Mr. Kawasaki is now in Kokura and among his party there are several engineers. He will select a site for a branch yard at the town.

COMMERCIAL NOTES

The muslin market in Japan is improving. Prices have already gone up to 60 sen a yard. The cause is the reported concession of France to permit the import of muslin into that country under certain conditions.

The Kobe Steel Works will complete its extension by the end of this year, when the manufacture of torpedoes will be inaugurated. The works also plan the manufacture of bombs and missiles for airmen.

According to the Department of Communications, the export of foodstuffs for the first four months of the year is estimated at 42,611,000 yen, an increase of 100 per cent over the same time last year.

It is reported from Harbin that the value of roubles has slumped there again. The latest drop ranged between 1 and 1½ roubles. If this tendency continues much longer, exchange on that country must be stopped.

The Japan Steel Tubing Company is pushing its work of extension. Already the installation of two furnaces has been nearly completed and it is hoped that by the end of July they will be in full blast. With the completion of the furnaces the company's monthly output of steel will come up to 6,000 tons.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha will run two extra liners on the Australian route, besides its regular liners, the Nankin and the Chosen. One of the extra ships, the Hosei Maru, has already left Kobe for Sydney. The other, the Manyei Maru, will be under way in a few days. The competition between this company and the Nippon Yusen Kaisha on the Australian run is getting warmer.

The Department of Agriculture and Commerce is reported to have decided to introduce an amendment to the Sericultural Law. The main points of the modification are said to be the stricter conditioning of cocoons, the abolition of a ban on the import of cocoons from foreign parts, the authorisation of provincial authorities to exercise supervision over the transactions in mulberry leaves, cocoons, and yarns, and the abolition of regulations regarding the species of cocoons to be reared, the conditioning of cocoons and the fees to be assessed on conditioned cocoons.

AS BIG BATTLES RAGE GERMANS AT HOME DISPUTE SAVAGELY

Chancellor Finds Himself Storm Center of Rival Factions Demanding That He Define Exact Aims of the War

SOCIALISTS OPPOSE IDEA OF ANY INDEMNITIES

Conservatives and Annexationists Call Upon Hollweg To Play 'Strong Man'—He Continues His Policy of Delay

By Cyril Brown

Copenhagen, April 26.—With a decisive battle staged in the west and apparently good for an all summer run, the factional Germans are waxing as bitterly controversial over the war aims as if peace were actually imminent.

The phenomenon of an impassioned polemic over annexation or no annexation, indemnity or no indemnity, at the very climax of the war, and with all the argumentative factions pleading for internal unity in view of the fact that the fate of the empire is hanging in the balance, could only happen in Germany, where the continual confidence in the strength of their military position is such that the Germans feel they can indulge with impunity in fighting behind the front over the peace terms.

Breach Seems Unbridgeable

An interesting feature of the inner political struggle is that the cleavage of public opinion is so marked as apparently to be unbridgeable by any compromise which the Chancellor might make, and that public opinion is consequently separating and navigating toward the two extreme storm centers of Conservatives and Socialists, whose views of peace are poles apart.

Extremes meet, however, in the common determination to seize the present moment and force the Chancellor to come out in the open and state the Government's concrete war aims. The Socialists are pressing Bethmann-Hollweg hard and bitterly, so hard as to state today that he is unequivocally opposed to annexation in both east and west.

The Socialists want the Chancellor to go even farther and put himself on record as seeking no war indemnity, and there is a strong Socialist movement to force the Chancellor to formulate Germany's war aims specifically as the inevitable basis for further peace propaganda.

Demand Inner Reforms Too

The Socialist attitude being somewhat minatory, also demands immediate inner political reforms and vaguely hinting at trouble if the Socialist demands are not complied with speedily, the present temper of the Social-Democratic masses being such as to cause justifiable concern to the Imperial Government, which has just had a foretaste of the strike possibilities, even though revolution is unthinkable.

The Conservatives and other annexationists, for their part, are putting up the strongest kind of fight against the Socialist and democratic efforts to force the Chancellor to side openly with them. The Conservative publicists and leaders see the Fatherland driving toward the brink of the abyss, and in patriotic alarm brand the Socialists tide as catastrophic if allowed to continue unstemmed.

They call loudly upon the Chancellor to play the strong man and make front against the Socialist menace, while Bethmann-Hollweg, vainly trying to pour the soothing oil of semi-official rhetoric in the Norddeutsche Allgemaine Zeitung on the ruffled partisan sea, is continuing his policy of delay and procrastination in the matter of war aims and peace conditions, thus satisfying neither side.

He Pleases Neither Side

While not making himself any more loved by the conservatives and pan-Germans, he is still further alienating his already disillusioned liberal and Socialist supporters. Throughout the present peace controversy I have heard not one good word said for the Chancellor, whose position is apparently becoming one of splendid isolation.

It is worth nothing that, for practical purposes, there no longer exists in Germany today any internal political censorship, and the press enjoys at least perfect freedom to discuss war aims and peace conditions. This has resulted in a remarkable volume of peace talk, and there is significance, too, in the increasing number of German voices, authoritative and otherwise, proclaiming that peace is nearer than is generally believed.

Delusion or not, the fact remains that many Germans are firmly convinced peace is only a few months off. Even the Berlin Bourse, which is always a sensitive barometer, stands under the sign of spring peace fever, the firm tone of the Bourse, according to a financial expert, being "strengthened by numerous indications of the increasing need for peace."

The only material basis for the authoritative German view that peace is now not far off is the German belief that Russia's offensive power has been broken; that the present struggle in the West is the last and decisive battle of the war; and that the submarine war is working like clockwork, so that the point of time when it will have achieved its purpose may be calculated on with certainty.

The German censorship is wide open so far as peace task is concerned, the fear that German peace talk will be misinterpreted by the enemy as a sign of weakness, thus serving to encourage them to fight on, being overbalanced by the beneficial effect on strikers and potential strikers of the widest publicity being given to the idea that peace is not far off.

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Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the month of May, 1917, and for 5 months ended May 31, 1917, with figures for the corresponding periods last year:—

	May, 1917	May, 1916
Gross Receipts	$136,101.62	$128,369.93
Loss by currency depreciation	30,155.90	34,409.39
Effective Receipts	M.$106,745.62	M.$93,960.59
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	23.28	28.43

	5 months ended 31st May, 1917	5 months ended 31st May, 1916
Car miles run	357,303	315,455
Passengers carried	6,713,577	5,706,21
Gross receipts	$654,849.62	$600,668.85
Loss by currency depreciation	145,378.15	157,732.15
Effective receipts	$ M.509,471.44	$ M.442,935.99
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	23.45	27.35
Car miles run	1,668,140	1,481,225
Passengers carried	29,479,352	26,538,033

Banking Announcements

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH
1 Klukiang Road

Capital (Paid-up) ..Yen 15,000,000
Reserves .....Yen 1,470,000
Deposits .....Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO

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Paid up Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

Head Office: Peking.

50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangements.

Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CHAO CHING HUA,
Manager.

中華滙行
Chung Foo Union Bank

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916

Head Office: Tientsin

Capital $2,000,000.00
Paid up Capital $1,000,000.00
Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Tientsin
Shanghai	Hankow
Nanking	Pengpu
Hauchow	Chinkiang
Yangchow	Hangchow
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Shanghai Branch
441, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN,
Manager.
W. D. HAN,
Sub-manager.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 1,200,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
11 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

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Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
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The London County and Westminister Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
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Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

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Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.

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Reserves .....Frs. 48,000,000.00

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Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtse	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papeete	
Haukou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital ....Frs. 30,000,000

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London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Governor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 18,500,000
$33,500,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

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Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
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Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

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Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

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Manager.

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Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	24,600,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,743,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St. E. C.

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London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe General pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Gerenale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

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(Kwan	Hongkong	Tsingtau
chendse)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Nicolayowsk	Yokohama
Dalny	(Dairen o-A	

35 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

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G. CARRERE,
Managers for China and Japan

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Reserves .....$ 10,000.00
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Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current account in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

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K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000
Paid-up Capital $10,000,000

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Deposit Account in Taels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Saving Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(*Established* 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama, Japan.

Capital Subscribed ..Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... „ 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 20,800,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Antunghsin	London	Port Arthur
Bombay	Liaoyang	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Singapore
Changchun	Lyons	Sydney
Dalny	Mukden	Sinanfu
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Harbin	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tokio
Honolulu	Osaka	Tsingtau
Kobe	Peking	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus..U.S.$6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits.. 1,010,000.00
U.S.$7,510,000.00

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E.C.

Branches:

Bombay	Hongkong	Peking
Calcutta	Kobe	San Francisco
Canton	London	Santo Domingo
Cebu	Manila	San Pedro de,
Colon	Medellin	Macoris
(Cristobal C.Z.)		Shanghai
Hankow	Panama	Singapore
		Tientsin
		Yokohama

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:—

Bahia	Rio de Janeiro
Buenos Aires	Santiago de Cuba
Genoa	Santos
Havana	San Paulo
Montevideo,	Valparaiso
Petrograd	

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—
Guilds 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000
Reserve Fund—
Guilds 9,925,431 (about £827,120)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.
Branches.

Banjermasin	Padang	Soerokarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tandjong Balei
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tebin-Tinggi
Djember	Penang	Tegal
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Kota-Radja	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar	Singapore	
Medan	Soerabaya	

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

Shanghai Interest allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,
Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital .....H.$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital .....H.$1,371,500
Reserve Fund .....H.$ 120,000
Investment reserve fund...H.$ 20,000

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. G. WONG,
Asst. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 600,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street London, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore.	

Shanghai Branch.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at ratee which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH,
Acting Manager
7 Nanking Road. 9752

Amusements

SHANGHAI
ISIS THEATRE

Corner of
Jukong Rd. and North Szechuen Rd.
(about 150 yards from Range Rd.)

Two Performances Nightly at 7.15 p.m. and 9.15 p.m.

Matinees on Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

PROGRAMME
For 2nd and 3rd June, 1917.

To-night To-night

Showing:
The 5th and 6th Episodes of the THRILLING MASTER PLOT
"The Mysteries of Myra"
in 4 Parts

also
The screaming Two Act Comedy
"BRIDE and GLOOM"

The Starlight Comic Play
"WILFUL WALLOPS FOR WEALTH"
and
The very amusing Cartoon
"DREAMY DUD IN LOVE"

Admission Prices:
Stalls 30 cents, Dress Circle 50 cents, Box seat 70 cents.

OLYMPIC THEATRE

By Special Request
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY
Tonight and tomorrow night
H. M. Gov't Tour
OF
"THE BATTLE OF THE SOMME"
Under the Personal Direction
OF
Maurice E. Bandman

Prices of Admission:
$2.00, $1.50 & $1.00

Booking at MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

Commencing Monday, 4th
"THE BATTLE OF THE ANCRE"
AND
"THE ADVANCE OF THE TANKS"

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATRE

June 5, 6 and 7 at 9.15 p.m.
T. DANIEL FRAWLEY
AND HIS COMPANY
IN
AVERY HOPWOOD'S GALE OF LAUGHTER
"FAIR and WARMER"
DIRECT FROM A TWO YEARS' SUCCESSFUL RUN IN NEW YORK

Booking now open at Moutrie's
Usual Prices

Owing to the late arrival of the steamship "Shinyo Maru," the opening performance will take place on Tuesday, June 5th, not June 4th, as advertised. Tickets bought for the 4th inst. can be changed or money refunded.

APOLLO THEATRE

Programme for June 2nd and 3rd.

TONIGHT TONIGHT

ZONA

Most sensational dancer of the present time. The Queen of Emotional Dancers, dancing the famous HAWAIIAN "HULA HULA"

FRANCES DAINTY CO.

Slack wire and trick bicycle Artists. In a whirlwind of thrills quicker than shots from a rapid fire gun.

"AN ARTISTE'S DAUGHTER"
A powerful film story, by M. Morihon.
IN THREE PARTS.
PATHE'S BRITISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN GAZETTES
Depicting all the principal events
"NUTTY NEWS"
Comic Animated Cartoon.

MATINEE, Saturday, June 2nd at 5 p.m.
"SHADOWS AND SUNSH NE"
Gold Rooster play IN FIVE PARTS. Featuring Little Marie Osborne.

MATINEE, Sunday, at 3 p.m.
The 11th and 12th Series of
"WHO'S GUILTY"
Four Reels.

Frances Dainty Co. will appear at both Matinees.

VICTORIA THEATRE

Tonight at 9.15 p.m.
Last Night Last Night
of
CHUNG LING SOO

All Soo Matinee, TODAY, at 4.30 p.m.
CHUNG LING SOO
will give the whole programme
50 — Over Fifty Illusions — 50
Special Prices $2, $1 and 50 cts.

Sunday, June 3rd, at the Matinee
All Star Variety Company
Leywood and Norell
Burlesque artistes in "How Smith Came Home"
Con Colyer, Novelty comedian.
Ethel Hill in monologues and songs.
Ivey and Madge Aberdare in a black and white specialty act.
Also feature films. Special Prices

TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

No. 3 Woochang Road (Near Chapoo Road)
Programme for Saturday, 2nd, Sunday, 3rd June

"LILLIAN'S ATONEMENT"
Grand Prize Photo-play.
A Drama Production IN FIVE PARTS.
Featuring Lillian Wiggins. Depicting the adventures of a Gentleman Crook

"THE SNARING of WIFFLES"
A farce comedy with M. Prince in the leading role.

"COUSIN FLUFFY"
Comedy.

Change of Programme Every Monday and Friday

Admission Prices:
1st class 30 cts., 2nd class 20 cts., 3rd class 10 cts.

TWO SHOWS
Every Night: 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.
Matinees on Sundays at 2.30 p.m.

St. George's Gardens

(Bubbling Well Road)

Open-Air Cinema

Every Evening
at 9.15
Change of Programme on Tuesdays & Fridays

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents.
June 13	5.00*	Victoria B.C. & Seattle	Kamakura maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 15		San Francisco	Nippon maru	Jap.	Alexander
" 16	8.30*	New York via Panama	Toyama maru	Jap.	N.Y. K.
" 25		San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	Alexander
" 25	4.00*	Victoria B.C. & Seattle	Shidzuoka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 26	..	San Francisco	China	Am	G. J. Pet.
" 27	..	Tacoma & Seattle Wash	Mexico maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents.
June 2	8.00*	Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe	Hakusan maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 5	10.30*	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 7	11.30*	Kobe & Osaka	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 8	5.00	Nagasaki	Simbirsk	Rus.	R. V. F.
" 9		Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 9	11.30*	Kobe	Mishima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 13	5.00*	Kobe	Kamakura maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents.
June 3	7.00*	Liverpool etc.	Katori maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 4	..	Java Ports	Tjipanas	Dut.	H.-C. T. Co.
" 5	8.30*	London etc.	Tsuyama maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 19	9.00*	London etc.	Kamo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 24	..	Liverpool etc.	Kashima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents.
June 2	3.30	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 2	..	Takao via F'chow & K'lung	Taichi maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
" 2	A.M.	Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 3	10.00*	Swatow, H'kong and Canton	Anhui	Br.	B. & S.
" 3	D.L.	Hongkong	Yochow	Br.	B. & S.
" 4	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
" 4	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
" 5	10.00*	Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
" 7	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
" 8	3.00	Takao via F'chow & Keelung	Keelung maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
" 8	noon	Hongkong	Shidzuoka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
" 10	D.L.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
" 11	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
" 12	..	Hongkong	China	Am.	G. J. Pet.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents.
June 1	10.00*	W.h.w., O'foo & T'tsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
" 2	D.L.	Tsingtao & Tientsin	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 3	D.L.	Antung	Hupan	Br.	B. & S.
" 3	A.M.	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 5	10.30*	Dairy	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
" 5	8.00	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
" 7	9.00*	Tsingtao	Sanyo maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
" 8	4.00	Vladivostock	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
" 9	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
" 11	2.00	Tientsin & Dairy	Koboku maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
" 11	3.00	Tsingtao and Dairy	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. R.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents.
June 2	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
" 2	A.M.	do	Siangyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 3	M.N.	do	Kiangtoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 4	M.N.	do	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 4	M.N.	do	Taioo maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 4	M.N.	do	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
" 5	M.N.	do	Loongwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
" 5	M.N.	do	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
" 5	M.N.	do	Nanyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 6	M.N.	do	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
" 8	M.N.	do	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
" 9	M.N.	do	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.

* A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
June 1	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
" 1	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N. S.N.Co.	NSCW
" 1	Tientsin	Hsinfung	1290	Chi.	C.M. S. N. Co	KLYW
" 1	Antung	Yochow	2145	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
" 1	Hankow	Siangyang maru	2225	Jap.	N.K.K.	NYKW
" 1	Hankow	Kiangtoo	1468	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.	KLYW
" 1	Hongkong	Sunning	1570	Br.	B. & S.	CNW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
June 1	Hankow	Siang'an	729	Br.	B. & S.
" 1	Hankow etc.	Changon	1289	Br.	Geddes & Co.
" 1	Hankow etc.	Tatung	1882	Br.	B. & S.
" 1	Hankow etc.	Tuckwo	2770	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 1	do	Tachang maru	1369	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 1	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.
" 1	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N.S.N.Co.

For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Shengking, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 2, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO and TIENTSN.—The str. Hsinfung, Capt. F. H. Hamblin, will leave on Sunday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Hunan, Capt. W. J. French, will leave on Sunday, June 3, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fengtien Capt. A. S. Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, June 5, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Shuntien, Capt. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 9, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN.—The str. Kohoku Maru, Capt. K. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on June 11, at 2 p.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at 1 p.m., on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Nos. 4234 and 4047.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA & SEATTLE, CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA.—The str. Mexico Maru, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be despatched from on June 27, at ———. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. at seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The tender will leave the Customs jetty for conveyance of passengers and mails to the steamer, at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234, 4047.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Wuchang, Capt. Pickard, will leave on Saturday, June 2 at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s str. Siangyang Maru, Capt. J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. wharf on Saturday, June 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The str. Kiangfoo, Capt. A. S. Malcolm, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s str. Tafoo Maru, Capt. S. Hosokawa, will be despatched from Pootung N.K.K. wharf on Monday, June 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungting Capt. H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, June 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s str. Loongwo, 3,925 tons, Capt. Findelson, will leave on Tuesday, June 5, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Chungking, Captain E. Monkman, will leave on Tuesday, June 5, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Poyang, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, June 6, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Luenyi, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, June 8 at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Ngankin, Capt. F. Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 9, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The str. Hsinchi, Capt. E. Hansen, will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Anhui, Captain Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, June 3, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Hsin Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Monday, June 4, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tls. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Sunning Capt. W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, June 5, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Shantung, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above pors on Thursday, June 7, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (Formosa) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The str. Keelung Maru, Capt. T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'tszepoo wharf on June 8, at 3 p.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at 2 p.m., on the same day. For Freight and Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Yingchow, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, June 10, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Chenan, Capt. P. H. Cowan, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, June 12, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting and *Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtsze and Hunan Lake.

*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports.
Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO:—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m.
Tht above steamers are installed with Electric Light throught, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.
For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Foochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents, 21-23 French Fund.

Freight: Telephone No. 77.
Passage: Telephone No. 401.

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Operating the new first-class steamers
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The most comfortable route to America and Europe
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These steamers have the most modern equipment, including overhead fans in all staterooms, which contain no upper berths. One and two-berth staterooms only.

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Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.
For further information re freight and passage, apply to

B. C. HAILE, Special representative.
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1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building)
Telephone 5056. Shanghai.

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Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
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(Subject to Alteration)

AMERICAN LINE
(For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.)
Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki or Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu Yokohama and Victoria, B. C.

			arr.	leave.
"MEXICO MARU"	...(12,000 tons)	Capt. T. Yamaguchi	June 26,	27

(For Hongkong)

			arr.	leave.
"CANADA MARU"	...(12,000 tons)	Capt. T. Suruga	July 4,	5

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tientsin and Dairen

			arr.	leave.
"KOHOKU MARU"	..(2,610 tons)	Capt. K. Saito	June 9,	11

For Foochow, Keelung and Takao.

			arr.	leave.
"KEELUNG MARU"	..(1,269 tons)	Capt. T. Kamiashi	...June 6	8

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to India, South America, Australia, China, Korea, Vladivostock, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—

H. YAMAUCHI, Manager.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, Union Building, 4 The Bund.
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Tel. Nos. 4047, 4234.

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
P&OFI	Apr. 16	Cruise	Monocacy	Am g-b.	1?0	2	48	McFeaters
P&OFI	Apr. 29	Cruise	Palos	Am g-b.	19?	2	48	Delano
BNB	Apr. 13	Cruise	Quiros	Am g-b	??0	4	?5	Lewis
P&OFI	Apr. 14	Cruise	Samar	Am g-b.	2?8	4	58	Brown
BNB	Apr. 14	Cruise	Villalobos	Am g-b	5?0	4	??	Partello

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver
In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway

SHORTEST ROUTE TO
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EMPRESS OF RUSSIA AND EMPRESS OF ASIA
Largest and most luxurious ships on the Pacific.
30,628 tons, quadruple screws, speed 21 knots.

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MONTEAGLE 12,720 Tons

REDUCED FIRST CLASS FARES

For further information, sailings, etc., please apply to
G. M. JACKSON, General Agent Passenger Dept.
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent.
Corner of Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,
Tel. 181 and 183 Shanghai.

T. K. K.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

To San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

"NIPPON MARU"	11,000 Tons	June 15	1917
"SHINYO MARU"	22,000 "	June 25	"
"PERSIA MARU"	9,000 "	July 6	"
"KOREA MARU"	20,000 "	July 20	"
"SIBERIA MARU"	18,000 "	July 30	"

SHINYO MARU sails June 4th for Hongkong direct.

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RATES by the steamers Nippon Maru and Perla Maru offering superior accommodation, first-class cuisine, and service.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, *Agent*,
Telephone No. 3220. 53 Szechuen Road.

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S.S. CHINA

(AMERICAN REGISTRY)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI KOBE YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU
JUNE 26, SEPT. 8, NOV. 19.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE
REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG
JUNE 12, AUG. 26, NOV. 6.

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NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD.
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Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China.
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The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.

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Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

(Subject to alteration.)

EUROPEAN LINE.

For London or Liverpool via Hongkong, Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, etc.

	Tons		
KATORI MARU**	19,000	——	June 3
KAMO MARU	16,000	——	June 10
KASHIMA MARU** ...	19,000	——	June 28

**For Liverpool.

AMERICAN LINE.

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

KAMAKURA MARU ..	12,500	Capt. T. Shiral,	June 13, 1917
SHIDZUOKA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. J. Noma,	June 26, 1917
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo,	July 21, 1917

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE. (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano,	June 2
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	June 5
YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki,	June 9
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	June 12
CHIKUZEN MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	June 16

KOBE TO SEATTLE.

TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Akamatsu,	June 1

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Saito,	June 7
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. K. Yagiu,	June 14

FOR JAPAN.

MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. S. Nishimura,	June 9
KAMAKURA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. T. Shirai,	June 13

FOR HONGKONG.

SHIDZUOKA MARU ...	12,500	——	June 8, 1917

AUSTRALIAN LINE.

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan Ports and Australian (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

			Leave Hongkong.
TANGO MARU	14,000	——	June 19, 1917
NIKKO MARU	16,000	——	July 17, 1917
AKI MARU	12,500	——	Aug. 14, 1917

CALCUTTA LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostock, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai. Tel. No. 2729.

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY.

Important Section in the Overland Route Between the Far East and Europe

SA[illegible] AND MONEY.— The Quickest, Cheapest, and Safest Route between the Far East and Europe is via Manchuria and Siberia. The South Manchuria Railway Company's Express Trains are equal to the best in Europe and America, and are timed to connect with other Express Trains and Steamers in the London-Shanghai Route and the Tokyo-Peking Route. Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars are attached to several of the Ordinary Daily Trains.

HOW TO REACH EUROPE.—The "Sakaki Maru" of the S. M. R. Co.'s Shanghai-Dairen Mail Steamship Line leaves Shanghai every Tuesday at noon direct for Dairen, and connects with the S.M.R. weekly Express. This steamer was specially built for the service, is turbine driven, equipped with wireless telegraphy, luxuriously fitted, and carries a doctor on board. (The "Kobe Maru" leaves Shanghai every Friday at noon, and calls at Tsingtao en route for Dairen). The Express, which leaves Dairen every Thursday, conects with the Trans-Siberian Express at Changchun, and passengers arrive at Petrograd nine days later, the whole journey from Hongkong to Petrograd occupying only 16 days.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELLERS AND TOURISTS.—The S. M. R. Co. have established, under its direct management, a series of Yamato Hotels at Dairen (the finest hotel in the Far East), Hoshigaura, Port Arthur, Mukden, and Changchun, all on European lines. Cook's coupons accepted. Tel. add.: "Yamato."

HEALTH AND HOLIDAY RESORTS IN SOUTH MANCHURIA.—South Manchuria's magnificent and bracing climate, beautiful scenery, great historic interest, old-world habits and customs, unsurpassed accommodation, and easy accessibility is fast popularizing it as the finest health and holiday resort in the Far East. Special seaside bungalow colonies have been established at Hoshigaura (Star Beach), near Dairen, under the management of the S. M. R. Co., and at Ogondai (Golden Beach), Port Arthur, under the management of the Port Arthur Civil Administration.

OF INTEREST TO SHIPPERS.—In addition to its Dairen-Tsingtao-Shanghai Mail Liners, the S. M. R. Co., runs a fleet of Cargo Steamers between Dairen and Hongkong, calling at ports en route. Other Steamship Services have regular services to and from Dairen. Particulars may be obtained from the S. M. R. Wharf Office, Dairen, and Branch Wharf Office, Shanghai.

TICKET AGENTS.—The S. M. R. Co.'s Railway and Steamer Tickets, Illustrated Guide Books, and Handbooks of Information may be obtained at all the Offices and Agencies of Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son; the International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co.; the Nordisk Resenbureau; the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, Shanghai; the S. M. R. Branch Wharf Office, Shanghai; or direct from the

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

DAIREN.

Tel. Add.: "Mantetsu." Codes: A.B.C. 5th Ed., A1, and Lieber's.

WHITE LEGHORN EGGS FOR SETTING.

From selected pens, true to standard, yellow legs, tip-top winter layers.

Eggs $2.75 setting. Thousands of birds for sale. Anyone interested in poultry is invited to inspect our farm.

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Chun Hsin Road [back of the S. N. Railway Station]

Apply to
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
for particulars of all kinds of
SWEDISH PAPER

ARGUE OVER EVIDENCE IN HONG CHI-TSU TRIAL

Admission Of Telegrams Concerning Assassination of Minister Contested By Defense

The crucial point of the admissibility into evidence of letters and telegrams sent before the assassination of Sung Chao-jen, once member of the cabinet, occupied all of yesterday's hearing in the trial in the Mixed Court of Hong Chi-tsu, the former official accused of complicity in the assassination.

The telegrams are alleged to have been exchanged by Hong and Ying Kwei-hsin, tried on the same charge shortly after the murder three years ago. They deal with plans for the assassination. On the admission of this evidence virtually depends the fate of Hong, for it is the chief point in the case of the prosecution.

Mr. R. F. C. Master, counsel for the prosecution, asked the court to enter the telegrams and other documents as exhibits. He was immediately challenged by the defense and a lengthy argument was begun.

Mr. W. S. Fleming, for the accused, argued that no evidence had been submitted by the prosecution to show that the telegrams and other documents had been written by the accused and therefore they were not admissible. He said that there was no proof that the documents submitted were the ones seized in Ying Kwei-hsin's house or that the documents found had actually come from Hong. He cited numerous authorities in American law to support his contention.

Mr. Fleming was followed by Mr. J. G. Priestwood, also attorney for the defense, who cited authorities in British law to establish the same point. He closed with the plea that it was in violation of the accused's rights to submit against him evidence that had not been established.

Mr. Master then asked for an adjournment in order to prepare an argument in reply and the case was continued. A date for the next hearing will be set by Assessor Perkins and Magistrate Wong today or Monday.

Business and Official Notices

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

For the convenience of our Customers at Mokanshan and Kuling, we have opened branches there earlier than usual, and can now supply

Hardware and all Kinds of Household Requisites.

Mokanshan Branch at Yin Shan

Kuling Branch Opp. Hu Ching Fang Hotel

North China Insurance Co., Ltd.

THE Company will open a FIRE DEPARTMENT at their new premises No. 7 Kiukiang Road, Third Floor, on 1st June, 1917.

Telephone No. Central 1944.

Fire policies issued at current rates.

By order of the Court of Directors,

H. G. SIMMS, Secretary.

Shanghai, 29th May, 1917. 13988

NOTICE

IT is hereby notified that the Pharmacy of the Eden Dispensary has been in my charge since the 1st of January, 1917, and that its management is entirely separate from that of the other departments of the said dispensary.

Signed. C. K. YU,
Manager of Pharmacy.

CULTY DAIRY Co., Limited

505 Avenue Joffre.
Tel. West 101.

Pure Milk

OWING to an increase in our herd of cattle we are now in a position to supply additional customers with Milk.

CULTY DAIRY Co., Limited

13964

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Proprietor, Yeh Mei-ching
Hardware and Metal Merchants
Government Contractors

Materials of every description for Engineering

Naval and Marine Stores always in stock

Our entire stock is from well-known manufacturers, and our prices are moderate

Sole Agent for

The Chee Hsin Cement Co., Ltd.

We have also Black Dye in stock, Trade Mark Zang Kun ( ), at moderate prices.

For further information, please apply to—

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Tel. Gen. office No. 2971
Tel. Pri. office No. 4335

An Extraordinary Attraction Now At The New World !!!

Corner of Thibet and Bubbling Well Roads

Direct from the San Francisco Exposition, and now on exhibition at the New World, is

Nettie, "THE FAT GIRL"

the World's largest woman. An American by birth, who has shown in all the largest cities in the United States, and who has taken the First Prize at the Great Panama Pacific Exposition for being the heaviest lady for her height in existence.

This lady is 5 ft. 3 inches in height, weighs 487 pounds, is 85 inches around chest, 92½ inches hip, and 53 inches waist measurement. She wears a No. 3 shoe.

This is her first appearance in the Far East. Shown to over 25,000 people in Manila, and one of the leading attractions at the Manila Carnival.

On exhibition from 2 p.m. until 10 p.m. daily, commencing Thursday, May 31st, 1917.

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Sam Joe & Co.

General Storekeepers, Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Our goods are always absolutely fresh, being imported weekly from well-known manufacturers. "American" fresh fruit always in stock

PRICES VERY MODERATE
PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL ORDERS

Orders from outports and the interior are carefully packed, and all breakages will be promptly made good.

All kinds of Chinese and Japanese coal sold by us also.

A1114 Broadway
Telephone No. 1098.
SHANGHAI.

TURKS WORSTED

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 31.—(By wireless).—A Russian official communique reports: We frustrated attempts made by the Turks, north-westward of Kalkit and southward of Banes.

Bad Weather Checks Italians' Operations

Repulse Two Attacks on Mount Pizzul; Albanian Troops Take Several Villages

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, May 31.—An official communique reports: Rain and fog on the Trentino and Carnia fronts limited our artillery activity. We repulsed two attacks on the north side of Mount Pizzul.

Our Albanian troops attacked enemy irregulars, eastward of Berat. We occupied several villages.

Ghent Badly Damaged By Allied Aeroplanes

Cause Panic Amongst Germans; Fifteen Machines All Return Safely to Base

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, May 31.—The newspaper L'Echo de Belge states that fifteen Allied aeroplanes heavily bombed Ghent on Monday, considerably damaging the railway station and causing a panic. They returned without loss, after numerous air-fights.

IF YOU WISH to have good results in Developing and Printing your Films, send to THE ASIA PHOTO SUPPLY CO. 135-A, Szechuen Road. 'Phone No. 1647.

13332.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

Making Air Raids Increasingly Risky

French Says Impossible to Absolutely Stop Them, But Defences Improving

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 30.—Field Marshal Lord French, replying to a deputation from Folkestone, said that it is impossible to absolutely prevent aeroplane attacks, but the scheme of defence had been re-considered in the light of the experience gained through the recent raid and he hoped that the measures taken would make any further raid a risky operation, involving heavy loss.

Frawley Postpones Opening to Tuesday

Owing to the late arrival of the Shinyo Maru the opening performance of the Frawley Company will take place Tuesday night at the Lyceum theater. The performance scheduled for Monday night has been cancelled. The company will open with Avery Hopwood's farce "Fair and Warmer."

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails to the N.Y.K. s.s. Katori Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0[00] = Midnight, 12[30] = 12[30] p.m.

Septem er 1st, 19[1]6 and until further notice

Mail 101 B. s.	Mail 3. B. s.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Mues	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	4. B.	No. 2 B. s.
20[2]5	8[1]5	3[0]0	0	dep. Peking arr.	12[1]5	19[3]0	1[9]30
2345	1112	635	..	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	10[0]5	17[0]0	7[0]0
2310	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	9[0]4	16[5]5	5[3]0
000	1125	6[0]0	..	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	19[3]0	7[6]45	7[0]
1910	530	9[0]0	524	arr. Mukden dep.	9[3]		[illegible]

Local 5. B. s	Mail 3. B. s			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	11[3]0	—	0	dep. Tientsin East arr.	—	17[3]5	19[3]
735	11[5]	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin Central dep.	—	16[5]	9[4]
745	12[0]0	—	..	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	16[3]0	1[0]0
11[4]5	15[3]0	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	13[2]2	5[3]0
1457	17[4]0	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	10[5]2	1[1]0
18[5]1	20[2]1	—	..	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	8[0]1	8[1]5
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:	8.
8	2[5]0	—	..	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	7[5]	18[1]2
10[0]9	22[3]	—	2[5]8	dep. Tsaocheng dep.	—	6[0]	15[1]
1300	0[3]5	—	..	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	5[4]1	13[1]0
1315	0[3]	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	3[3]	12[5]5
15[1]5	3[1]0	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	1[2]0	10[4]
18[1]6	4[0]	—	..	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	23[0]	8[0]
9.	:	—	430	:	—	:	0.
630	4[5]1	—	..	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	23[0]	0[0]
1150	5[3]3	—	524	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	19[5]3	14[2]
1211	6[0]	—	..	dep. Pengpu arr.	—	19[4]5	14[2]
1657	1[0]5	—	680	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	16[4]5	9[2]5
18[0]8	13[0]0	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	5[3]0	7[2]5

Express 16 B. S.	Express 10 B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 8.	Express 15. B. S.
..	14[3]0	..	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	..	14[1]0	
2[0]0	14[0]	..	..	dep. Nanking arr.	..	11[1]5	6[3]0
700	21[3]0	..	193	arr. Shanzhai-North dep.	..	7[2]5	2[3]00

Yenchowfu Tsiningchow Branch Line						Lincheng-Tsochwang Branch Line					
9[3]0	13[5]	21[3]0	d. Yenchowfu a.	6[3]0	12[3]0	20[0]	5[3]0	11[1]0	18[0]0	d. Lincheng a.	8[1]0	14[1]0	21[0]0
10[0]2	14[3]	22[3]	a. Tsaochang d.	5[3]	11[2]5	18[5]5	6[3]8	12[1]9	19[0]8	a. Tsaochang d.	7[2]	13[0]2	19[0]2

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 | = train runs on Thursday only. 230 | = train runs on Fridays only.

| 300 = on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B = train has buffet car with regular meal service

S = train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s = train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, September, 1916.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai North To Nanking and Peking—Up (Main Line)

STATIONS.	Express R	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	7.55	..	8.20	9.00	12.50	15.20	28.00
SOOCHOW dep.	9.41	..	11.02	12.13	14.57	18.13	1.06
WUSIH dep.	10.3[illegible]	..	12.21	13.48	15.52	19.41	2.10
CHANGCHOW dep.	11.22	6.50	13.42	15.01	16.47	20.45	3.10
TANYANG dep.	12.08	9.03	14.59	16.14	17.45	..	..
CHINKIANG dep.	12.52	9.50	15.37	17.18	18.32	..	5.06
NANKING arr.	14.15	10.55	17.50	19.25	20.06	..	6.50
NANKING FERRY arr.	14.30	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUKOW dep.	5.15[illegible]	T.P.R	..	..	..	..	..
TSINANFU dep.	8.06	Second	..	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN arr.	16.31	Day	..	..	..	..	..
CENTRAL dep.	17.00	P.M.R.	..	..	..	..	..
PEKING arr.	*19.50		..	..	..	..	..

Peking and Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Express R.		Night Express R.S.
PEKING dep.	..	..	..	..	8.35	P.M.R.	..
TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	..	..	11.30		..
CENTRAL dep.	..	..	..	..	11.32		..
TSINANFU dep.	..	..	..	..	20.21		..
PUKOW arr.	..	..	..	..	18.00		..
NANKING FERRY dep.	..	..	..	..	14.30		..
NANKING dep.	..	7.20	7.30	11.15	14.32	15.55	22.20
CHINKIANG dep.	..	9.05	9.32	12.59	16.01	18.25	1.06
TANYANG dep.	..	9.37	10.51	12.49	16.38	19.19	..
CHANGCHOW dep.	6.20	11.14	12.23	14.32	17.36	20.20	3.10
WUSIH dep.	7.31	12.32	13.46	15.53	18.51	..	4.11
SOOCHOW dep.	8.46	13.50	15.08	16.55	19.22	..	5.13
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	11.25	16.30	17.55	18.55	21.50	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. S. Sleeping Cars. *Connects with through Siberian Service.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (Branch Line) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep.	6.55	8.15	10.45	13.10	14.40	16.20	18.10	19.55	22.10	SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.15	7.35	10.05	12.15	14.00	15.30	17.25	19.10	21.50
KIANGWAN dep.	7.22	8.42	11.12	13.37	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.22	22.37	KIANGWAN dep	6.38	7.46	10.16	12.26	14.11	15.41	17.36	19.21	22.46
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr	7.30	8.50	11.20	13.45	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.45	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.50	8.10	10.40	12.50	14.35	16.05	18.00	19.45	22.00

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAH KOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express	Local	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.40	8.55	10.05	....	14.05	....	....	....
Jenfield dep.	....	8.01	9.16	10.26	....	14.25	....	....	....
Soccawei dep.	....	8.10	9.25	10.35	....	14.34	....	....	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.28	9.48	11.00	....	14.52	....	....	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*8.00*	*9.20*	*10.30*	*13.39*	*14.30*	*16.10*	*16.45*	*18.00*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.25*	*9.45*	*11.00*	*13.53*	*14.52*	*16.29*	*17.03*	*18.18*
Songkiang dep.	....	9.13	10.55	12.10	....	15.28	17.47	....	....
Kashai dep.	....	10.03	11.58	13.33	....	16.15	18.57	....	....
Kashing dep.	7.20	10.35	12.36	14.16	....	16.46	19.30	....	....
Yeh Zah dep.	8.08	11.14	13.20	15.15	....	17.21	....	....	....
Chang Ao dep.	9.00	11.49	14.04	16.10	....	17.55	....	....	....
Hangchow dep.	10.38	12.58	15.26	17.47	....	18.54	....	....	....
Zah Kou arr.	11.00	13.09	15.45	18.15	....	19.10	....	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Local	Fast	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express	Local
Zah Kou dep.	....	....	....	6.45	8.10	....	8.55	14.15	16.00
Hangchow dep.	....	....	....	7.15	8.40	....	9.33	14.40	16.30
Chang Ao dep.	....	....	....	8.15	9.56	....	11.03	15.26	17.07
Yeh Zah dep.	....	....	....	8.52	10.40	....	12.30	15.57	18.00
Kashing dep.	....	....	7.25	9.40	11.30	....	14.07	16.38	18.40
Kashai dep.	....	....	8.09	10.05	12.00	....	14 47	17.01	....
Songkiang dep.	....	....	9.18	10.57	13.03	....	16.13	17.49	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.35*	*9.55*	*10.37*	*11.43*	*14.05*	*14.55*	*17.22*	*18.33*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.53*	*10.13*	*10.55*	*12.05*	*14.23*	*15.13*	*17.40*	*18.50*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	....	....	11.44	14.07	....	17.22	18.33	....
Soccawei dep.	....	....	....	11.53	14.17	....	17.32	18.43	....
Jenfield dep.	....	....	....	12.01	14 26	....	17.41	18.51	....
Shanghai North arr.	....	....	....	12.20	14.45	....	18.00	19.16	....

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU KIANGSU BRANCH LINE. ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO

Kon Zen Chiao..	dep.	7.05	8.30	11.05	14.05	16.05	18.15	Zah Kou.....	dep.	....	9.40	12.20	....	17.15	....
Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	7.25	8.50	11.20	14.21	16.20	18.29	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.45	10.05	12.50	14.55	17.40	18.50
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.35	9.05	11.35	14.31	16.37	18.37	Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	8.00	10.23	13.05	15.10	17.52	19.03
Zah Kou.....	arr.	....	9.25	11.55	....	17.00	....	Kon Zen Chiao..	arr.	8.13	10.35	13.18	15.23	18.05	19.15

Business and Official Notices

NOTICE

Americans are invited to meet at the American Consulate-General on Thursday, June 7th, at 5.15 p.m., for the purpose of arranging for suitable observance of the Fourth of July.

THOMAS SAMMONS,
American Consul-General.

Shanghai, June 1, 1917.
14038

NOTICE TO MARINERS
No. 637.

China Sea.

Yangtze River—Shanghai District.

Approach to the Whangpoo—Quarantine Anchorage.

Alteration in colour of the Quarantine Upper Buoy.

NOTICE is hereby given that the colour of the Quarantine Upper Buoy, Quarantine Anchorage, approach to the Whangpoo, has been changed from Red and Black Vertical Stripes to Red.

Other characteristics of this Buoy and its position remain unchanged.

This alteration has been made owing to the disappearance of the shoal to the northward of the Quarantine Anchorage.

By Order of The Inspector General of Customs.
W. FERD. TYLER,
Coast Inspector.

THE MARITIME CUSTOMS,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 1st June, 1917.

STEAMER FOR SALE—Gross tonnage, 1,350 tons, cargo capacity, 1,71[illegible] cubic feet; 19 tons Coal consumption; 10 knots speed; passenger accommodation.

C. A. MARTINHO MARQUES,
Share & Ship Broker,
14002 96, Szechuen Road.

A Team of Wonderful Athletes
will exhibit their skill in

Dancing in the Fire, Walking on Hot Plates, Applying Boiling Oil on Human Skin without Scorching it and one hundred and one other feats to be staged at

CHANG SU HO'S GARDEN
Last three nights only
June 1, 2 and 3 from 7.00 to 11 p.m.
Prices: $2.00, $1.00, 50 and 20 cents

The team comes direct from the Lian Hua San on the border of Chekiang. During the trip of the late Emperor Chien Lung, the members of the team were given a tablet of merit for their dexterity. Never before has any entertainment been staged in this city that is similar to this one. Get out and see it.
14026

SAEY TAI (Tailor)
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Outfitters
GREAT CLEARANCE SALE
For Two Weeks Only
Commecing on Friday, June 1st
The Whole of Our Stock of this Season's Goods
Must be Cleared less 30% for Cash
Comprising:—

Flannels, Tweeds, Serges, Viyellas, Alpacas, Pongees, Linen and Cotton Drills. Best quality Flannel, 3¼ yards for $10.00. Cost of Making $7.50 to $17.50 Also just arrived a special quality of Unshrinkable "resistolet" Cashmere, &c. All materials are from the best home firms and in the latest designs. Guaranteed fit including Shirts, Singlets, Ties, Collars, Straw Hats, Braces, Socks, Umbrellas, etc.

All to be Cleared at startling reductions.

SAEY TAI (Tailor),
P.350-1 Nanking Road, Shanghai.
14014

We hold large and complete stocks
OF
WINES AND SPIRITS
and are in a position to supply
The Trade With Quality
AT
Exceptionally Low Rates
Correspondence Solicited

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS

SHANGHAI ROWING CLUB.

SPRING REGATTA AT HENLI
June 2nd and 3rd.

PROGRAMME

Saturday, June 2nd

p.m.
3.30 ..... Junior-Senior Pairs
4.00 ..... Griffins' Pairs
4.30 ..... S.V.C. vs. S.F.B. Fours
5.00 ..... Sculling Championship
5.30 ..... Club Fours
5.45 ..... Light Motor Boat Race
6.00 to 7.00 Motor Boat "Joyriding"
9.00 ..... Concert on the Lawn

Sunday, June 3rd

a.m.
9.15 .. Preliminary Runs for Motor Boat Race
10.00 ..... Griffins' Fours
10.30 ..... S.V.C. vs. S.F.B. Eights
11.00 ..... Mixed Fours
11.45 ..... Swimming Race

p.m.
1.45 ..... Sailing Race
3.30 ..... Heavy Motor Boat Race
4.30 ..... Presentation of Prizes

Large Brass Band in attendance all day.

TRAIN SERVICE.

Saturday, June 2nd.

Leave Shanghai:
8.20 a.m., 12.50 p.m., 3.20 p.m.
Arrive Henli:
9.48 a.m., 2.01 p.m., 4.44 p.m.
Leave Henli: 5.45 p.m.
Arrive Shanghai: 6.55 p.m.

Sunday, June 3rd.

Leave Shanghai:	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
	8.20	12.50	3.20
Arrive Henli:			
	9.48	2.01	4.44
Leave Henli:			
	9.59	4.20	5.45
Arrive Shanghai:			
	11.25	5.55	6.55

Monday, June 4th.

Leave Henli: 5.54 a.m.
Arrive Shanghai: 7.00 a.m.

Returns Fares ..... Mex. $3.00
Boy Scouts 0.60

Competitors may obtain their tickets (special fares) from the Club's shroff, who will be at the Shanghai Station half an hour before the departure of each train.

General Arrangement

By the courtesy of the Railway authorities, arrangement has been made to have sleeping cars stationed at Henli during the week-end of the Regatta. Sleeping berths for ladies and gentlemen may be reserved on application to the undersigned. Meals will be served on dinning coach on railway siding, and also in the dining tent on the lawn.

By Order of the Committee,
C. V. JENSEN,
Hon. Sec. and Treasurer.
14018

Zung Lee & Sons. (W. Z. Zee & Sons Est: 1895) Broadway, Shanghai.
LOCKS YALE HARDWARE
COMPLETE STOCKS ON HAND

KNAPP & BAXTER. Inc.
IMPORTERS OF
AMERICAN PRODUCTS
6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, China
Phone: No. 1860 Chinese Dept. No. 1625

OLYMPIC THEATRE
Tonight and tomorrow night
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY
"The Battle of the Somme"
and
"The King on the Somme Battlefield"
Prices: $2, $1.50 and $1

On Monday, June 4th, for One Week Only
Under the patronage and presence of
H. B. M's. Consul-General, Sir Everard Fraser, K. C. M. G.
H. M. Government Tour of
The Battle of the Ancre
and
The Advance of the Tanks
New Munition and Navy Pictures
A National Shell-Filling Factory and With the British Navy in War Time
introducing wonderful pictures of HYDROPLANES and SUBMARINES
Under the personal direction of
Maurice E. Bandman

One third of the entire gross proceeds without any deductions whatever are sent to the War Office to be given to charities in connection with the war
PRICES OF ADMISSION: $3. $2. $1.
Booking Plan Now Open at Moutrie's.
14009

ANTIMONY REGULUS.
(99% pure)
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
Apply, Hupeh Government Mining Bureau, Wuchang.
Tel. address "HUPEHMINE"
13721

SILK HOSIERY
Just Arrived
Black or White Silk Stockings Perfect.... $1.00 per pair
Slightly Mended ..... 75 cts. ,, ,,
LADIES' HATS
At Half Prices
CANTOROVITCH'S 103 BROADWAY

MANILA ROPE
AND
Other Philippine Products—Samples and prices furnished upon request.
H. J. BELL & CO.,
P. O. Box 239. 117 Dasmarinas, Manila.

RING UP 3809
for a comfortable 5-passenger car
PER HOUR $4.00 PER HOUR
CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.
2a Jinkee Road.

Stop thinking of the fortune you are going to make; of the wheel you're going to break; and think of The Marco Polo Scarf—of the joy it will give her on your behalf.

In Pink, Light Blue, Light Green, Cream & White.

Price Prepaid $4.25
Postage & Duty Free

WIDLER & COMPANY,
Chungking, West China.

Singing & Voice Production

LESSONS by a Pupil of Raymond von Zur Muehlen and of Oscar Seagle (for many years pupil and assistant teacher of Jean de Reszke). Apply to Box No. 126, THE CHINA PRESS.
14039

Cargo Space

TO Pacific Coast, U. S., 75 Tons—Sailing about 10th June. Best Offer wanted—Ship's option, measurement or weight. Apply immediately to Box No. 127, THE CHINA PRESS.

An Extraordinary Precious Stone
IN A DUCK'S EGG.

A Cantonese merchant in Siam, named Dien Barn, had a duck which laid an egg on February 3, 1916. This egg weighed heavily in hand, so the owner decided to break it and to find out what this egg really was. He had broken it, and immediately beneath the shell he found a solid yellow precious stone; afterwards this stone changed colors. Now he has arrived Shanghai and brought it with him. As it is so extraordinary and wonderful, he is willing to exhibit before any great scientists or persons who take interest in curious things. Any man who can give details and proofs about this stone and prove satisfactory, the owner will recompense him highly for his valuable service, or any man who wish to buy it also can arrange with the owner in person. But any person who wants to call at the following address to see this stone, is requested to provide an introduction by a local noted firm.

Opium Guild.
623 Canton Road.
14024

A. D. C.
"BLIGHTY"
MILITARY MUSICAL MEDLEY
In aid of
British Women's Work Fund.
at the
Lyceum Theatre
2nd June.
Booking now open at Moutrie's

Performance on Thursday, 31st May, in aid of Funds for Xmas Gifts to Volunteers from China.

Performance on Saturday, 2nd June, in aid of Blind Soldiers' and Sailors' Fund.

Positively the last night
Performances start prompt 9 p.m.

Usual Prices.
13744

GODOWN TO LET

TO LET, spacious godowns situated French Bund, at moderate rates. Apply to G. Lion, Banque Industrielle de Chine.
14042 J 5

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, from 1st June, in the western district, near to French and English trams, two five-roomed, semi-detached houses, with attics and up-to-date bathrooms, garage and tennis court. Apply to Box 481, THE CHINA PRESS.
14034

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to rent for summer months, small furnished house, with garden and tennis court, good location. Three adults. Apply to Box 107, THE CHINA PRESS.
14004 J 2

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

Classified Advertisements
2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)
All Advertisements must be Prepaid
Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens
Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.
Tel. 3482
9408

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens
Phone 1946
One small bedroom vacant, with all comforts.

BOARD-RESIDENCE
Location: Central, quiet, and select.
Terms: Monthly and very moderate.
Cuisine and Service: Excellent.
Apply to Box No. 184.
THE CHINA PRESS.
12976

TO LET, 23 North Szechuen Road, several large well-furnished rooms, facing south, with verandah, private bathrooms. Excellent board. (Allies).
14033 J 7

VACANT at 6 and 7, Quinsan Gardens, one front room, well-furnished. One front attic and one small room. Terms moderate. Service good. Table excellent.
14037 J 3

TO LET, in private house close to Carter Road, one well-furnished bedroom, with bathroom, for immediate occupation, with or without board. Large house, and locality is very quiet and select. Apply to Box 117, THE CHINA PRESS.
14021 J 3

ONE furnished room, with bathroom attached, to let in Range Road. Breakfast if desired. Apply to Box 114, THE CHINA PRESS.
14017 J 2

TO LET: In Central district, cool and no mosquitoes, nice, large room, with board. Suitable for two bachelors or married couple. $150. For one $90. Apply to Box 104, THE CHINA PRESS.
14001 J 3

STORES TO LET

STORE TO LET: one large modern store, in most prominent position in Shanghai; large plate glass windows, back entrance with yard and godown, for immediate occupation. Low rental. Apply to Box 95, THE CHINA PRESS.
13970 J 2

EDUCATIONAL

GENTLEMAN, recently arrived, wants German lessons only. Apply with full particulars to Box 125, THE CHINA PRESS.
14040 J 3

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

OFFICES TO LET

OFFICES to let at 15 Nanking Road. Apply to Raven Trust Co., Ltd. 15 Nanking Road.
14027 T F

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED: Young British gentleman, with fair amount of business experience, desires position in British or American firm. Apply to Box 122, THE CHINA PRESS.
14031 J 3

WANTED, one of "Kitchener's First Hundred Thousand," ex-officer of the above, seeks position with Allied firm. Good knowledge of general office routine. References, etc. Apply to Box 121, THE CHINA PRESS.
14031 J 2

WANTED, position by an energetic Chinese clerk, who has many years' commercial experience in a local import and export firm. Can speak and write English, possesses good knowledge of general office work, Customs, typewriting. Also has good connection with native dealers. Good reference. Apply to Box 123, THE CHINA PRESS.
J 2

POSITION WANTED. American accountant, Credit man and General office man, twenty-eight years of age and married, desires permanent position in North China after July first. Broad experience and excellent references. Please state full particulars, salary, etc. Address, P.O. Box 418, Manila, P. I.
14043 J 8

YOUNG JAPANESE amah, speaking English, seeks position as house amah or lady's-maid. Apply to Box 124, THE CHINA PRESS.
14036 J 5

POSITION wanted by a male Stenographer (Neutral)—has had two years office experience in a British firm. Moderate salary required. Apply to Box 119, THE CHINA PRESS.
14029 J 3

EFFICIENT and Experienced Chinese Stenographer and Typist seeks permanent position in a Local or outport firm. Salary to commence $75. Apply to Box 120, THE CHINA PRESS.
14029 J 3

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, governess; reference required; nationality of Allies only. Apply to Box 112, THE CHINA PRESS.
14013 J 2

WANTED, Chinese salesman for a gentlemen's outfitting store; one that speaks fluent English. Reply, stating age, qualifications and salary expected. Apply to Box 110, THE CHINA PRESS.
14008 J 2

REQUIRED, a young lady of good appearance as saleswoman for a foreign store. Reply, stating age, experience and salary expected, to Box 111, THE CHINA PRESS.
14008 J 2

WANTED: For American Consular office in North China, Chinese interpreter and clerk. Must be able to speak Mandarin dialect and take shorthand notes. Salary Gold $960 per annum; permanent position to satisfactory man. Apply to Box 108, THE CHINA PRESS.
14005 J 5

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, one second-hand Peugot motor-cycle, 2½ horse-power, in good running order. $200. Apply to Box 116, THE CHINA PRESS.
14020 J 2

FOR SALE, Indian motor-cycle 7 h.p., twin cylinder, kick-start, recently imported, very little used; in perfect running order; bargain. Apply to Box 118, THE CHINA PRESS.
14023 J 2

FOR SALE: Thorough-bred, pedigree, brindle color, Bull dog bitch, about 20 months old, by Newington Marvel, Champion of Australia, and Lady Molly. In first class condition. Apply No. 3 Minghong Road.

FOR SALE: Twin-cylinder motor-cycle, with side-car, in excellent condition. For particulars, apply to P. T. Tong, Whangpoo Conservancy.
14011 J 3